

ANNUAL REPORT

2022

IRCON DAVANAGERE HAVERI HIGHWAY LIMITED
(A Wholly Owned Subsidiary of Ircon International Limited)
CIN: U45500DL2017GOI317401



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“Ircon Davanagere Haveri Highway Limited (IrconDHHL), a wholly owned subsidiary of Ircon International Limited was incorporated on 11th May, 2017 as a Special Purpose Vehicle (SPV) for executing the project works of “Six - laning of Davanagere - Haveri from km 260+000 to km 338+923 of NH-48 (old NH-4) in the State of Karnataka to be executed as Hybrid Annuity Project on DBOT under NHDP Phase - V” in accordance with the terms of the Concession Agreement, signed with the National Highways Authority of India (NHAI) on 19th June 2017”.



BOARD OF DIRECTORS



Mr. Ashok Kumar Goyal
Chairman



Mr. Parag Verma
Director



Mr. Rohit Parmar
Director



Mr. Masood Ahmad
Director



Ms. Ritu Arora
Director



Key Managerial Personnel

Chief Executive Officer (CEO)

Mr. Nagangouda
Hanumanthgoda Patil

Chief Financial Officer (CFO)

Ms. Kratika Gupta
(w.e.f. 19th August 2020 upto
1st July 2021)

Mr. Mahadeb Mandal
(w.e.f. 1st July 2021)

Company Secretary (CS)

Ms. Pooja Rastogi (w.e.f.
01.04.2019 to 31.03.2022)
Mr. Pradeep Kumar
Baisoya (w.e.f. 12th April
2022)



EPC Contractor

**Ircon International Limited
(IRCON)**



Auditors

Statutory Auditor

Singhal Sunil & Associates

Secretarial Auditor

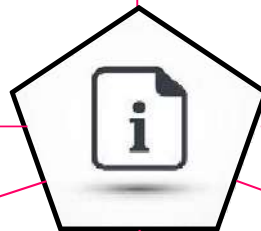
Jayesh Parmar & Associates

Cost Auditor

M/s Ravi Sahni & Co.

Internal Auditor

M/s. Arvind Rattan & Co.



Banker(s)

Punjab National Bank (PNB)
Tolstoy House, Tolstoy Road,
New Delhi-110001



Contact Details

Company Secretary
Email id: ircondhhl@gmail.com
Tel: 011-26545786

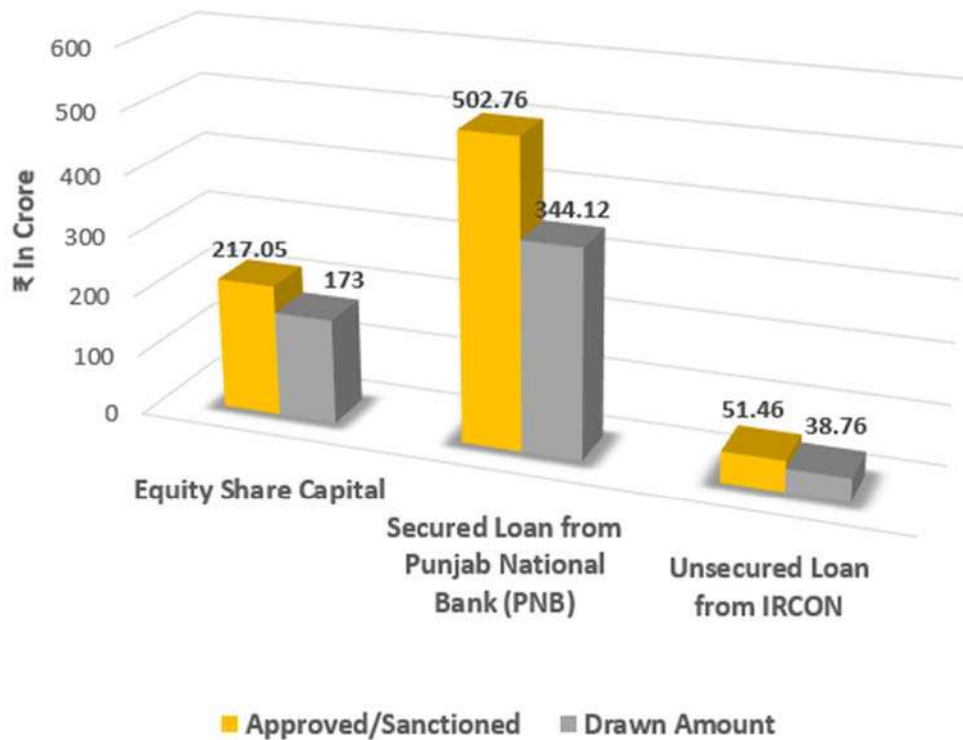


Registered Office

C-4, District Centre, Saket
New Delhi-110017

Equity & Loan

(As on 31.03.2022)



CHAIRMAN'S ADDRESS

AT THE FIFTH ANNUAL GENERAL MEETING HELD ON 23RD AUGUST, 2022



Dear Shareholders,

At the outset, please accept my sincere wishes for the good health and safety of you and your loved ones. I am delighted to welcome you all at the Fifth (5th) Annual General Meeting of Ircon Davanagere Haveri Highway Limited (IrconDHHL) and present the Audited Statements for the Financial year 2021-22. I would like to thank each one of you for making it convenient for joining this meeting.

I would like to place before you, few highlights of Ircon Davanagere Haveri Highway Limited (IrconDHHL).

IrconDHHL, a wholly-owned subsidiary of Ircon International Limited (IRCON), incorporated as a Special Purpose Vehicle ('SPV') on 11th May 2017, for executing the project work of "Six - laning of Davanagere-Haveri from Km 260+000 to Km 338+923 of NH-48 (old NH-4) in the State of Karnataka in accordance with the terms of the Concession Agreement, executed with the National Highways Authority of India (NHAI). The concession period of the project comprises of construction period of 912 days (30 months) commencing from the Appointed Date and operation and maintenance period of 15 years commencing from Commercial

Operation Date (COD), with the total project bid cost is ₹1177 Crore plus escalation excluding Operation & Maintenance (O&M) cost.

During the year, w.e.f. 28th May, 2021, the Project has got Provisional Completion Certificate (PCC) for project length of 72 km and accordingly, the project has entered into O&M phase. The remaining balance length of 6.88 km of Main Carriage way and 49.848 km of service road has been De-scoped by the Authority for a reason not attributable to Concessionaire. The Concessionaire has requested the Authority for rescoping of works and decision from Authority is awaited. The IrconDHHL has awarded O&M Tender to M/s G R Engineers & Contractors for Two years from 10th October, 2021.

Financial Performance

During the year, IrconDHHL achieved revenue from Operating activities of ₹797.76 Lakhs and profit/(Loss) after tax for the Financial Year 2021-22 of ₹586.67 Lakhs.

IrconDHHL has availed Term Loan facility of ₹502.76 Crore from Punjab National Bank (PNB) to finance the project.

During the year, out of the total sanctioned Term Loan of ₹502.76 Crore, ₹344.12 Crore has been disbursed by PNB, after this, the outstanding balance of ₹326.72 Crore availed from IRCON was repaid in full.

Compliances and Disclosures

Compliance and Disclosures under the Companies Act, 2013 and its associated rules there under are fully being adhered to. CPSE's constituted as Special Purposed (SPV) are exempted from compliance with the DPE Guidelines on Corporate Governance for CPSEs. Hence, Corporate Governance guidelines of DPE are not applicable on your Company.

Memorandum of Understanding (MOU)

During the period under review, your Company requested IRCON to grant it exemption from compliance of Annual MOU exercise in line with the MOU Guidelines.

Acknowledgements

I, on behalf of Board of Directors, express my heartfelt thanks for the valuable assistance and co-operation extended to the Company by Ministry of Road, Transport & Highways (MoRTH), National Highways Authority of India (NHAI), Ircon International Limited and the Auditors of the Company. I acknowledge the efforts of the Company's employees, who are our most

valuable asset. Their dedication, intellect, hard work, and deep sense of value has been the key to take our company forward.

We look forward to your continued support in our journey ahead.

**For and on behalf of
Ircon Davanagere Haveri Highway Limited**

Sd/-

Ashok Kumar Goyal

Chairman

DIN: 05308809

Date: 04/08/2022

Place: New Delhi

DIRECTORS' REPORT

IRCON DAVANAGERE HAVERI HIGHWAY LIMITED



Dear Members,

Your Directors have immense pleasure in presenting the **5th Annual Report** together with the Audited Financial Statements of the Company for the year ended March 31,2022.

BUSINESS OPERATIONAL HIGHLIGHTS: PRESENT STATE OF COMPANY'S AFFAIRS:

Ircon Davanagere Haveri Highway Limited (IrconDHHL), a wholly owned subsidiary of Ircon International Limited (IRCON) incorporated on May 11, 2017 as a Special Purpose Vehicle (SPV) with the main object to execute "Six-laning of Davanagere- Haveri from km 260+000 to km 338+923 of NH-48 (old NH- 4) in the State of Karnataka, to be executed as Hybrid Annuity Mode on Design, Build, Finance, Operate and Transfer (DBFOT) basis under NHDP Phase-V" in accordance with the terms of the Concession Agreement, signed with the National Highways Authority of India (NHAI) on June 19, 2017.

The concession period of the project comprises of construction period of 912 days (30 months) commencing from the Appointed Date i.e. January 24, 2018 (as fixed by NHAI) and operation and maintenance period of 15 years commencing from COD, with the total project bid cost is ₹1177 Crore plus escalation excluding Operation & Maintenance (O&M) cost. The scope of work comprises of six-laning of 78.923 Km (total length of Highway) of existing four lane main carriageway along with construction of 154.654 Km of service road length including major bridges, culverts, Vehicular underpasses, pedestrian underpasses, flyovers and other allied works.

The Scheduled date of completion of project was 24.07.2020. NHAI has approved Extension of Time (EOT) for the Project on account of COVID-19 upto 28.05.2021 and issued Provisional Completion Certificate (PCC) w.e.f 28.05.2021 with certain punch list items. Accordingly, from the said date, the project had entered into operation and maintenance phase for the period of 15 years and in order to place an agency to carry out the O&M for initially a period of 2 years through open tender, O&M work has been awarded to M/s G R Engineers & Contractors, Mathura (U.P.) w..e.f. 07.10.2021.

Due to hindrances not attributable to concessionaire, the Authority has descoped the work of 6.88 Km of Main Carriage Way and 49.848 Km of Service Road. The District Collector of both Davanagere and Haveri district has given assurance for providing all necessary support and corporation to carry out the balance work for length of 6.88 Km. Hence, application for rescoping of descoped work was submitted to the Authority through Supplementary agreement and is pending with the Authority.

In order to avoid higher financial repercussion on account of descoping the balance works, the efforts are being made to execute balance work to the extent possible within next one to two years.

During the year, IrconDHHL achieved revenue from Operating activities of ₹797.76 Lakhs and profit/(Loss) after tax for the Financial Year 2021-22 of ₹586.67 Lakhs.

IrconDHHL has availed Term Loan facility of ₹502.76 Crore from Punjab National Bank (PNB) to finance the project.



During the year, out of the total sanctioned Term Loan of ₹502.76 Crore, ₹344.12 Crore has been disbursed by PNB, after this, the outstanding balance of ₹326.72 Crore availed from IRCON was repaid in full.

During the FY 2021-22, CARE Ratings Limited has provided AA- (Double A minus) rating for the long-term bank facilities of Rs.502.76 Crore to your Company.

1. **FINANCIAL HIGHLIGHTS:**

In pursuance of the provisions enumerated under Companies (Indian Accounting Standards) Rules, 2015, the Company, has prepared its annual financial statements for the Financial Year 2021-22 as per Indian Accounting Standards (IND AS).

Financial performance indicators as on 31st March 2022:

(Amount in ₹ In Lakh)

Sl.No.	Particulars	For the Year Ended 31.03.2022	For the Year Ended 31.03.2021
1.	Equity Share Capital	17,300.00	16,405.00
2.	Other Equity (includes Reserves and Surplus)	2,392.23	419.56
3.	Net Worth	19,692.23	16,824.56
4.	Borrowings	36,404.65	33,855.15
5.	Total Assets and Liabilities	61937.06	60044.99
6.	Revenue from Operations	797.76	19,306.31
7.	Other Income	3,773.32	89.42
8.	Total Income (6) + (7)	4,571.08	19,395.73

9.	Profit Before Tax (8)-(11)	836.90	86.87
10.	Profit/(Loss) After Tax	586.67	64.74
11.	Balance of Profit/loss for earlier years	419.56	354.82
12.	Balance carried forward	1006.23	419.56

2. DIVIDEND & APPROPRIATION TO RESERVE:

The Board of Directors does not recommend any dividend for the financial year 2021-22.

As per the applicability of IND AS, Reserves are reflected as Retained Earnings under the head 'Other Equity' in Financial Statements and your Company has a balance of ₹1006.23 Lakhs in Retained Earnings as on March 31, 2022.

3. SHARE CAPITAL/ DEMATERIALISATION:

The Authorized Share Capital and the Paid-up Share Capital of the Company as on 31st March 2022 is ₹217.05 Crore comprising of 21,70,50,000 Equity Shares of ₹10/- each and ₹173 Crore comprising of 17,30,00,000 Equity Shares of ₹10/- each respectively.

During the year, the Company has increased the Paid-up Share Capital of the Company from Rs.164.05 Crores to Rs.173 Crores via Right issue.

The Details of the Rights issues made during the financial year are as follows:

Date of Allotment	No. of Equity Shares allotted (of Rs.10 each)	Name of Allottee
October 22, 2021	76,90,000	Ircon International Limited (Holding Company)
December 30, 2021	12,60,000	

During the year under review, Ircon International Limited (IRCON) continues to hold 100% paid-up share capital of IrconDHHL.

As per Rule 9A of the Companies (Prospectus and Allotment of Securities) Amendment Rules, 2019 dated 22.01.2019, the Company being a wholly owned subsidiary (WOS) is not required to get its securities in dematerialised form.

4. CASH FLOWS FROM THE PROJECT:

The total -Cash Flows from the project activities during the year is ₹(4,929.65) Lakh.

5. DETAILS OF SUBSIDIARY/JOINT VENTURES/ASSOCIATE COMPANIES:

For the period under review there was no Subsidiary/Joint Ventures/Associate Companies of the Company.

6. IMPACT OF COVID-19 ON THE ECONOMY AND COMPANY'S INITIATIVES IN ADDRESSING THE CHALLENGES OF THE PANDEMIC

The COVID-19 pandemic has led to the unprecedented health crisis and has disrupted economic activities and global trade while weighing on consumer sentiments. At the beginning of the FY2021-22 the nation experienced high severity and mortality of citizens brought by the second wave of the ongoing COVID-19 pandemic. With intermittent nationwide lockdowns and disruption in regular economic activities, there was price volatility of raw materials and sluggish market demand during first half of the year under review. However, the Company dealt with the pandemic by continuing to focus on operational excellence, marketing strategies and keeping its employees and community at the core of it. The Company has taken all the prescribed precautions as suggested by the Government, to mitigate the impact of the novel coronavirus. The details on impact of COVID-19 pandemic has been disclosed in the Financial Statements.

7. BOARD OF DIRECTORS & KEY MANAGEMENT PERSONNEL:

Board of Directors:

CATEGORY & NAME OF THE DIRECTORS WITH DESIGNATION DURING THE YEAR 2021-22

As per Articles of Association of the Company, the Board of the Company is appointed by the holding company, IRCON. During the FY 2022, Company's management is headed by the following Non-Executive (Nominee) Directors: -

Category, Name & Designation	DIN	Appointment or Cessation (during the year, if any)
Mr. Yogesh Kumar Mishra, Chairman	07654014	Appointed w.e.f 13.05.2021 Regularized at the 4 th AGM held on 18 th August 2021 Cessation w.e.f 01.10.2021
Mr. Ashok Kumar Goyal, Chairman	05308809	Appointed w.e.f 01.10.2021
Mr. Surajit Dutta, Director	06687032	Cessation w.e.f 01.04.2022
Ms. Ritu Arora, Director	00002455	Appointed w.e.f 13.05.2021 Regularized at the 4 th AGM held on 18 th August 2021
Mr. Shyam Lal Gupta, Director	07598920	Cessation w.e.f 13.05.2021
Mr. Masood Ahmad, Director	09008553	Appointed w.e.f. 02.08.2021
Mr. Parag Verma, Director	05272169	Appointed w.e.f. 29.12.2021

After the close of the FY, the Holding Company, IRCON had nominated Mr. Mugunthan Boju Gowda [having DIN: 08517013], Chief General Manager, Finance, IRCON as Nominee Director w.e.f. 1st April 2022 in place of Mr. Surajit Dutta. Subsequently, in place of Mr. Mugunthan Boju Gowda, IRCON has nominated Mr. Rohit Parmar (having DIN No. 08190141), Chief General Manager, Finance, IRCON, as Nominee Director w.e.f. 01.06.2022.

Mr. Parag Verma (DIN: 05272169) and Mr. Rohit Parmar were appointed as Additional Part-time Directors of the Company w.e.f. December 29th, 2021 and June 1st, 2022 respectively, who hold office upto the date of ensuing Annual General Meeting. Their appointment as Directors by the Shareholders same has been included in the notice of ensuing AGM.

The Company has received a notice under section 160 of the Companies Act, 2013 from Mr. Parag Verma and Mr. Rohit Parmar giving their candidature for appointment as Directors, liable to retire by rotation, in the ensuing Annual General Meeting.

The Board placed on record its appreciation for their valuable contribution and guidance & support given by Mr. Yogesh Kumar Mishra, Mr. Surajit Dutta, Mr. Shyam Lal Gupta and Mr. Mugunthan Boju Gowda during their tenure as Directors of the Company.

Mr. Ashok Kumar Goyal (DIN 05308809) retires by rotation and being eligible, offers himself for re-appointment. A resolution seeking shareholders' approval for his re-appointment along with other required details forms part of the Notice.

Key Managerial Personnel:

Pursuant to the provisions of Section 203 of the Companies Act 2013, the Key Managerial Personnel (KMP) of the Company during the FY 2022 are as follows:

Name	Designation
Mr. Nagangouda Hanumanthgouda Patil	Chief Executive Officer
Ms. Kratika Gupta	Chief Financial Officer (upto 30.06.2021)
Mr. Mahadeb Mandal	Chief Financial Officer (w.e.f. 01.07.2021)
Ms. Pooja Rastogi	Company Secretary (Cessation w.e.f. 31.03.2022)

After the closure of the Financial Year, Mr. Pradeep Kumar Baisoya was appointed as Company Secretary and was declared as KMP of the Company w.e.f. April 12, 2022 vice Ms. Pooja Rastogi.

8. Board Meetings:

During the FY 2021-22, the Board met Ten (10) times on 15.06.2021, 19.07.2021, 10.08.2021, 14.10.2021, 22.10.2021, 08.11.2021, 23.12.2021, 30.12.2021, 24.01.2022 and 08.02.2022. The interval between the Board Meetings was within the period prescribed under the Companies Act, 2013. The attendance detail of the Board Meetings is as follows:

Date of The Meeting	Board Strength	No. of Directors Present
15.06.2021	4	4
19.07.2021	4	4
10.08.2021	4	4
14.10.2021	4	3
22.10.2021	4	4
08.11.2021	4	3
23.12.2021	4	4
30.12.2021	5	4
24.01.2022	5	4
08.02.2022	5	4

The table below shows attendance of the Board members at the Board Meetings held during the FY 2020-21 and their attendance in the last Annual General Meeting (AGM):

Name of Director	Meeting Date										Whether attended last AGM held on 18.08.2021	Total Meetings held during the tenure	No. of Meetings attended	% of Attendance
	15.06.2021	19.07.2021	10.08.2021	14.10.2021	22.10.2021	08.11.2021	23.12.2021	30.12.2021	24.01.2022	08.02.2022				
Mr. Ashok Kumar Goyal	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓	x	✓	✓	✓	✓	Y	10	9	90
Mr. Yogesh Kumar Mishra	✓	✓	✓	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	Y	3	3	100

(upto 01.10.2021)														
Mr. Surajit Dutta	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓	x	Y	10	9	90
Ms. Ritu Arora (w.e.f. 13.05.2021)	✓	✓	✓	x	✓	✓	✓	x	x	✓	Y	10	7	70
Mr. Masood Ahmad (w.e.f. 02.08.2021)	-	-	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓	Y	8	8	100
Mr. Parag Verma (w.e.f 29.12.2021)	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	✓	✓	✓	-	3	3	100

9. INDEPENDENT DIRECTORS & BOARD COMMITTEES & CORPORATE GOVERNANCE GUIDELINES ISSUED BY DPE:

In terms of notification dated July 5, 2017 issued by the Ministry of Corporate Affairs (MCA) inter-alia amending rule 4 of the Companies (Appointment and Qualification of Directors) Rules, 2014, an unlisted public company and a wholly-owned subsidiary is exempted from the requirement of appointing Independent Directors on its Board and requirement of constituting of the Board Committees viz. Audit Committee and Nomination & Remuneration Committee (NRC).

IrcodHHL, an unlisted public company and a wholly-owned subsidiary company of IRCON, is, therefore, not required to appoint any Independent Director on its Board and the declaration by the Independent Directors is not applicable on the Company.

Further, in terms of Department of Public Enterprises (DPE)'s OM dated July 8-10, 2014 read with OM dated July 11, 2019, CPSE's constituted as Special Purpose Vehicle (SPV) are exempted from compliance with the DPE Guidelines on Corporate Governance for CPSEs. Hence, Corporate Governance guidelines of DPE are not applicable on IrcodHHL.

10. DIRECTORS' RESPONSIBILITY STATEMENT:

The Board of Directors of the Company confirms:

- that in the preparation of the annual financial statements for the year ended 31st March 2022, the applicable accounting standards have been followed along with proper explanation relating to material departures, if any;
- that such accounting policies have been selected and applied consistently and judgment and estimates have been made that are reasonable and prudent so as to give a true and fair view

of the state of affairs of the Company at the end of the financial year March 31, 2022 and of the Profit & Loss of the Company for that period ended on that date;

- c) that proper and sufficient care has been taken for the maintenance of adequate accounting records in accordance with the provisions of the Companies Act, 2013 for safeguarding the assets of the Company and for preventing and detecting fraud and other irregularities;
- d) that the annual financial statements have been prepared on a going concern basis;
- e) that proper systems have been devised to ensure compliance with the provisions of all applicable laws and that such systems were adequate and operating effectively.

11. EXTRACT OF ANNUAL RETURN:

The extract of Annual Return in Form MGT-9 pursuant to Section 92(3) of the Companies Act, 2013 read with Rule 12 of Companies (Management and Administration) Rules, 2014 is appended as **Annexure-1** forming part of this report and also available on the website at a

12. DIRECTORS' OBSERVATION AND COMMENTS FOR FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (EXPLANATION FOR ANY COMMENTS MADE BY AUDITORS IN THEIR REPORT:

The Notes to Accounts forming part of the financial statements are self-explanatory and need no further explanation.

There are no qualifications or adverse remarks in the Auditors' Report which require any clarification/explanation.

13. AUDITORS:

Statutory Auditor:

M/s Singhal Sunil & Associates, Chartered Accountants, had been appointed as Statutory Auditors, for the Financial Year 2021-22 vide CAG letter No. CA. V/COY/ Central Government, IDHHL(I)395 dated 18.08.2021. They have confirmed by way of a written consent and certificate as required under Section 139(1) of the Companies Act, 2013.

Cost Auditor:

The Board of Directors had re-appointed M/s. Ravi Sahni & Co., Cost Accountants, as Cost Auditor of the Company for the FY 2021-22 for conducting the audit of cost records maintained by the Company as per the applicable Rules / Guidance Note, etc.

In accordance with the provisions of Section 148(1) of the Act, read with the Companies (Cost Records and Audit) Rules, 2014, the Company has maintained cost accounts and records.

Secretarial Auditor:

The Board of Directors had appointed M/s. Jayesh Parmar & Associates, Company Secretary, as Secretarial Auditor of the Company for the FY 2021-22.

Internal Auditor:

The Board of Directors appointed M/s Arvind Rattan & Co., LLP, Chartered Accountants, as Internal Auditors for the FY 2021-22, to conduct the Internal Audit of the Company.

14. PARTICULARS OF LOANS, GUARANTEES OR INVESTMENTS UNDER SECTION 186 OF THE COMPANIES ACT, 2013:

There are no transactions of loans, guarantees and investments as covered under the provisions of Section 186 of the Companies Act, 2013 during the financial year under review.

15. COMPLIANCE CERTIFICATE BY CEO & CFO:

The compliance certificate duly signed by CEO & CFO was placed before the Board of Directors meeting held on 17.05.2022 and the same is placed as **Annexure-2**.

16. PARTICULARS OF CONTRACTS OR ARRANGEMENTS WITH RELATED PARTIES:

During the year, the related party transactions with the holding company, IRCON were in the ordinary course of business and on an arm's length basis and approved in terms of the Companies Act 2013. The details of the related party transactions in form AOC-2 are enclosed to this report as **Annexure-3**.

17. MATERIAL CHANGES AND COMMITMENTS AFFECTING THE FINANCIAL POSITION OF THE COMPANY AFTER THE CLOSURE OF THE FINANCIAL YEAR:

No material changes and commitments affecting the financial position of the Company had occurred in the interval between the end of the financial year and the date of this report.

18. CORPORATE SOCIAL RESPONSIBILITY (CSR):

Every company having Net Worth of ₹500 crore or more or Turnover of ₹1000 crore or more or Net Profit of ₹5 crore or more during the immediately preceding FY is required to spend in every FY, at least 2% of average net profits of the company made during the three immediately preceding FY in pursuance of its CSR Policy.

Since, the company did not meet the above threshold limit in the preceding financial year ended March 31, 2021, the provision of Corporate Social Responsibility (CSR) under Section 135 of the Companies Act, 2013 is not applicable to the Company during the FY 2021-22.

Hence, the requirement of constituting Corporate Social Responsibility (CSR) Committee pursuant to Section 135 of the Companies Act, 2013 is also not applicable to the Company.

However, the net profit of the Company for the financial year ended March 31, 2022 exceeds the above mentioned threshold limit, therefore, the provision of Corporate Social Responsibility (CSR) under Section 135 of the Companies Act, 2013 shall be applicable to the Company for the FY 2022-23.

19. CONSERVATION OF ENERGY, TECHNOLOGY ABSORPTION, FOREIGN EXCHANGE EARNINGS AND OUTGO:

The particulars as prescribed under Section 134(3)(m) of the Companies Act, 2013 read with Rule 8(3) of the Companies (Accounts) Rules, 2014 are set out hereunder:

A. Conservation of energy: -

Your Company is not engaged in any manufacturing activity and hence the furnishing of particulars is not applicable to the Company.

B. Technology absorption: -

Your Company is not engaged in any manufacturing activity and hence the furnishing of particulars is not applicable to the Company.

C. Foreign exchange earnings and Outgo: -

There was no Foreign Exchange Earnings and Foreign Exchange Outgo during the year 2021-22.

20. RISK MANAGEMENT:

In the opinion of the Board, presently the Company does not foresee any major threat/risk to the business of the Company.

21. PARTICULARS OF EMPLOYEES:

As per Notification dated June 5, 2015 issued by the Ministry of Corporate Affairs, Government Companies are exempted from complying with the provisions of Section 197 of the Companies Act, 2013 and corresponding rules under Chapter XIII.

IrconDHHL being a government company is not required to disclose information on the remuneration of employees falling under the criteria prescribed under rule 5(2) of the Companies (Appointment and Remuneration of Managerial Personnel), as a part of the Directors' Report.

22. CHANGE IN THE NATURE OF BUSINESS:

There is no change in the nature of business of the Company during the financial year 2021-22.

23. PUBLIC DEPOSITS:

During the year under review, your Company has not invited any deposits from its members pursuant to the Companies Act, 2013 and the Companies (Acceptance of Deposits) Rules, 2014.

24. INTERNAL CONTROL SYSTEMS AND THEIR ADEQUACY

The Company has adequate system of internal financial controls with reference to financial statements. All the transactions were properly authorized, recorded and reported to the Management. The Company is following all the applicable Accounting Standards for properly maintaining the books of account and reporting in the financial statements. Your Company continues to ensure proper and adequate systems and procedures commensurate with its size and nature of its business.

25. SIGNIFICANT MATERIAL ORDERS PASSED BY THE REGULATORS OR COURTS OR TRIBUNALS IMPACTING THE GOING CONCERN STATUS AND COMPANY'S OPERATIONS IN FUTURE

No order has passed by the Regulators or Courts or Tribunals impacting the going concern status of the Company and its operations in future during the FY 2021-22.

26. COMPLIANCE OF MSME GUIDELINES FOR IMPLEMENTATION OF PURCHASE PREFERENCE POLICY

In exercise of powers conferred by section 9 of the Micro, Small and Medium Enterprise Development Act, 2006, the Central Government issued instructions that all companies registered under the Companies Act, 2013 with a turnover of more than ₹500 Crore and all CPSEs shall be required to get themselves on-boarded on the Trade Receivables Discounting System (TReDS) platform, set up as per the notification of the Reserve Bank of India. The Registrar of Companies (RoC) in each State shall be the competent authority to monitor the compliance of such instructions and also the Department of Public Enterprises, Government of India shall be the competent authority to monitor the compliance of such instructions by the CPSEs. In compliance with the above instruction, the Company has boarded on the TReDS platform w.e.f. 13.12.2019, to facilitate the financing of trade receivables of MSEs by discounting of their receivables and realisation of their payment before the due date.

27. DISCLOSURE AS PER THE SEXUAL HARASSMENT OF WOMEN AT WORKPLACE (PREVENTION, PROHIBITION AND REDRESSAL) ACT, 2013:

During the period under review, there was no complaint pending at the beginning nor any complaint relating to sexual harassment was reported pursuant Section 22 of The Sexual Harassment of Women at Workplace (Prevention, Prohibition and Redressal) Act, 2013.

The Company, being a wholly owned subsidiary of IRCON, 'Policy for Prevention, Prohibition and Redressal of Sexual Harassment at Workplace' of IRCON (POSH Policy) is applicable on the Company and the Internal Complaints Committee of IRCON will deal with all the complaint, if any, under POSH Act.

28. VIGIL MECHANISM:

The Company has established a mechanism for directors and employees to report concerns about unethical behaviour, actual or suspected fraud, or violation of the Code. It also provides for adequate safeguards against the victimization of employees who avail the mechanism. Being a wholly owned subsidiary of IRCON, for employees nominated and deputed from IRCON, the Whistle Blower Policy of IRCON is applicable, which is available on the website at, <https://www.ircon.org/images/file/cosecy/Whistle-Blower-Policy.pdf>.

For other persons in employment of the Company, complaint / reporting under Vigil Mechanism can be addressed to:

Mr. Ashok Kumar Goyal, Director
Ircon Davanagere Haveri Highway Limited (IrconDHHL)
Address: Ircon International Limited,
C-4, District Centre, Saket, New Delhi- 110017
Phone No.: +91 9560595019
Email id: ak.goyal@ircon.org

29. RIGHT TO INFORMATION:

During the financial year 2021-22, your company has not received any application under the Right to Information Act 2005.

30. PERFORMANCE EVALUATION OF BOARD MEMBERS:

Ministry of Corporate Affairs has, vide its notification dated 5th June 2015, notified the exemptions to Government Companies from certain provisions of the Companies Act, 2013 which inter-alia provides that Section 134(3)(p) regarding a statement indicating the manner of formal annual evaluation of Board, shall not apply to Government Companies in case the Directors are evaluated by the Ministry which is administratively in charge of the Company as per its evaluation methodology.

Further, the aforesaid circular issued by the MCA has also exempted that sub-sections (2), (3) & (4) of Sec. 178 regarding the appointment, performance evaluation and remuneration shall not apply to Directors of Government Companies.

Being a government company and a wholly-owned subsidiary of Ircon International Limited, all part-time Directors are nominated by the holding company, IRCON. The evaluation of these nominated directors is done by the holding company as per pre-defined criteria in line with the guidelines of the Government of India.

31. SECRETARIAL STANDARDS

During the year, the Company is in compliance with the applicable Secretarial Standards issued by the Institute of Company Secretaries of India (ICSI).

32. SECRETARIAL AUDIT REPORT

The "Secretarial Audit Report" from the secretarial auditor in Form MR-3 as required under section 204 of the Companies Act, 2013 read with rule 9 of the Companies (Appointment and Remuneration of Managerial Personnel) Rules, 2014 and is placed as **Annexure-4**.

33. STATUTORY AUDITORS' REPORT AND C&AG COMMENTS

The reports of the Statutory Auditors on the Financial Statements for FY 2021-22 with nil observation are attached separately as part of the Annual Report and Nil comments from Comptroller & Auditor General (C&AG) are received.

34. APPLICATION/PROCEEDING PENDING UNDER INSOLVENCY & BANKRUPTCY CODE, 2016

There are no proceeding initiated/ pending against the Company under the Insolvency & Bankruptcy Code, 2016 which materially impact the business of the Company.

35. MEMORANDUM OF UNDERSTANDING (MoU):

Companies, that are subsidiary Company of a CPSE, will sign Annual MOU with its Holding Company pursuant to the provision of Consolidated Memorandum of Understanding (MOU) Guidelines dated March 10, 2022. Your Company, incorporated as wholly owned subsidiary of IRCON and as SPV, shall sign Annual MOU with IRCON (holding company).

During the period under review, your Company requested IRCON to grant it exemption from compliance of Annual MOU exercise in line with the MOU Guidelines.

36. ACKNOWLEDGEMENT:

We thank Ircon International Limited, Ministry of Road Transport & Highways, Comptroller and Auditors General of India (C&AG), Auditors and our valued client- National Highway Authority of Indian for their support, and look forward to their continued support in the future.

We thank our Contractors, Sub-contractors, Bankers, for their continued support during the year. We also place on record our appreciation for the contribution made by our employees at all levels. Our consistent growth was made possible by their hard work, solidarity, cooperation and support.

**For and on behalf of Board of Directors
of Ircon Davanagere Haveri Highway Limited**

Date: 04.08.022

Place: New Delhi

**Sd/-
Ashok Kumar Goyal
Chairman
DIN: 05308809**

**FORM NO. MGT 9
EXTRACT OF ANNUAL RETURN**

As on financial year ended on 31.03.2022

**Pursuant to Section 92 (3) of the Companies Act, 2013 and Rule 12(1) of the Company
(Management & Administration) Rules, 2014**

I. REGISTRATION & OTHER DETAILS:

1.	CIN	U45500DL2017GOI317401
2.	Registration Date	11th May, 2017
3.	Name of the Company	Ircon Davanagere Haveri Highway Limited
4.	a) Category b) Sub-category of the Company	Public Company Government Company (Wholly-owned Subsidiary Company of Ircon International Limited)
5.	Address of the Registered office & contact details	C-4, District Centre, Saket, New Delhi -110017 Ph. No. 011-26545786 Email Id: ircondhhl@gmail.com
6.	Whether Listed Company (Yes/No)	No
7.	Name, Address & contact details of the Registrar & Transfer Agent, if any.	NIL

II. PRINCIPAL BUSINESS ACTIVITIES OF THE COMPANY: (All the business activities contributing 10 % or more of the total turnover of the company shall be stated)

S. No.	Name and Description of Main Products / Services	NIC Code of the Products/Services	% to Total Turnover of the Company
1.	Rendering Services in the nature of construction of Highway Project on NH-48 (old NH-4) in the state of Karnataka Construction Services: Highway Project (Through EPC Contractor)	42101	100

III. PARTICULARS OF HOLDING, SUBSIDIARY AND ASSOCIATE COMPANIES:

S. No.	Name and Address of the Company	CIN/GLN	Holding/ Subsidiary / Associate	% of Shares held	Applicable Section
1	Ircon International Limited	L45203DL1976GOI008171	Holding Company	100% *	Sec 2(46)

* 100% Shares held by Ircon International Limited (Ircon) and its 7 nominees.

IV. SHARE HOLDING PATTERN (Equity Share Capital Breakup as percentage of Total Equity)

A) CATEGORY-WISE SHARE HOLDING:

Category of Shareholders	No. of Shares held at the beginning of the year, [As on 01-April-2021]				No. of Shares held at the end of the year [As on 31-March-2022]				% Change during the year
	Demat	Physical	Total	% of Total Shares	Demat	Physical	Total	% of Total Shares	
A. Promoters									
(1) Indian									
a) Individual/HUF	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
b) Central Govt	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
c) State Govt(s)	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
d) Bodies Corp.#	Nil	164050000	164050000	100%	Nil	173000000	173000000	100%	-
e) Banks / FI	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
f) Any other	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
(2) Foreign	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
Total Shareholding of Promoters (A)	Nil	164050000	164050000	100%	Nil	173000000	173000000	100%	-
B. Public Shareholding									
1. Institutions									
a) Mutual Funds	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
b) Banks / FI	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
c) Central Govt	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
d) State Govt(s)	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
e) Venture Capital Funds	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
f) Insurance Companies	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
g) FIs	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
h) Foreign Venture Capital Funds	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
i) Others (specify)	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
Sub-total (B)(1):-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
2. Non-Institutions									
a) Bodies Corp.	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
i) Indian	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
ii) Overseas	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
b) Individuals	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
i) Individual shareholders holding nominal share capital upto ` 1 lakh	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-

ii) Individual shareholders holding nominal share capital in excess of ` 1 lakh	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
c) Others (specify)	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
Non Resident Indians	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
Overseas Corporate Bodies	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
Foreign Nationals	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
Clearing Members	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
Trusts	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
Foreign Bodies - D R	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
Sub-total (B)(2):-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
Total Public Shareholding (B)=(B)(1)+ (B)(2)	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
C. Shares held by Custodian for GDRs & ADRs	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
Grand Total (A+B+C)	Nil	164050000	164050000	100%	Nil	173000000	173000000	100%	-

Bodies Corporate: 100% Shareholding is with Body Corporate – Ircod International Limited and its 7 Nominees.

B) SHAREHOLDING OF PROMOTERS:

SN	Shareholder's Name	Shareholding at the beginning of the year, as on 1 st April 2021			Shareholding at the end of the year, as on 31 st March 2022			% Change in Shareholding during the Year
		No. of Shares	% of Total Shares of the Company	% of Shares Pledged / encumbered to total shares	No. of Shares	% of Total Shares of the company	% of Shares Pledged / encumbered to Total Shares	
1	Ircod International Limited	164050000	100%	Nil	173000000	100%	Nil	0.00%
	Total	164050000	100%	Nil	173000000	100%	Nil	0.00%

***Shareholding of Promoters:** Company is wholly-owned subsidiary of Ircod International Limited – with 17,29,99,200 Equity Shares of Rs.10/- each i.e. Entire Shareholding held by Indian Promoters. The other 7 individual shareholders are holding shares “**For and on behalf of Ircod International Limited**”.

*On 1st April, 2022, 100 shares held by Mr. Surajit Dutta, nominee shareholder on behalf of IRCON were transferred to Ms. Ritu Arora, nominee shareholder on behalf of IRCON.

C) CHANGE IN PROMOTERS' SHAREHOLDING:

SN	Particulars	Shareholding at the beginning of the Year		Cumulative Shareholding during the Year	
		No. of Shares	% of total Shares of the Company	No. of Shares	% of total Shares of the

					Company
1.	At the Beginning of the Year	16,40,50,000	100%	16,40,00,000	100%
2.	Date wise Increase / (Decrease) in Promoters Shareholding during the year specifying the reasons for increase / (decrease) (e.g. allotment /transfer / bonus/ sweat equity etc.):				
	Date of Allotment	Reason			
	22.10.2021	Right Issue	76,90,000	100%	17,17,40,000
	30.12.2021	Right Issue	12,60,000	100%	17,30,00,000
3.	At the End of the Year	17,30,00,000	100%	17,30,00,000	100%

**D) SHAREHOLDING PATTERN OF TOP TEN SHAREHOLDERS:
(OTHER THAN DIRECTORS, PROMOTERS AND HOLDERS OF GDRS AND ADRS):**

SN	For Each of the Top 10 Shareholders	Shareholding at the beginning of the year		Cumulative Shareholding during the year	
		No. of Shares	% of total Shares of the Company	No. of Shares	% of Total Shares of the Company
1.	At the Beginning of the Year	NOT APPLICABLE			
2.	Date wise Increase / Decrease in Promoters Shareholding during the year specifying the reasons for increase /decrease (e.g. allotment / transfer / bonus/ sweat equity etc):				
3.	At the End of the Year				

E) SHAREHOLDING OF DIRECTORS AND KEY MANAGERIAL PERSONNEL:

Shareholding of Each Director(s) and Each Key Managerial Personnel*	Shareholding at the beginning of the Year, as on 31 st March 2021		Cumulative Shareholding during the Year as on 31 st March 2022	
	No. of Shares	% of total Shares of the Company	No. of Shares	% of total Shares of the Company
At the Beginning of the Year	-			
Date wise Increase / Decrease in Promoters Shareholding during the year specifying the reasons for increase /decrease (e.g. allotment / transfer / bonus/ sweat equity etc.):	NIL			
At the End of the Year				

* 200 Equity Shares of Rs.10 each are held by Mr. Ashok Kumar Goyal and 100 Equity Shares each of Rs.10 each are held by Mr. Parag Verma and Mr. Mugunthan Boju Gowda, Directors of the Company "For and on behalf of Ircod International Limited".

F) INDEBTEDNESS - Indebtedness of the Company including interest outstanding/accrued but not due for payment.

(In Lakhs)

Particulars	Secured Loans excluding deposits (from IRCON)	Secured Loans excluding deposits (from PNB)	Unsecured Loan	Deposits	Total Indebtedness
Indebtedness at the beginning of the financial year					
i) Principal Amount	-	33,093.15	2,646.00	-	35,739.15
ii) Interest due but not paid	-	223.45	-	-	223.45
iii) Interest accrued but not due	-	-	-	-	
Total (i+ii+iii)	-	33,316.60	2,646.00	-	35,962.60
Change in Indebtedness during the financial year					
* Addition	-	3,203.69	1,230.00	-	4,433.69
* Reduction	-	(2,107.64)	-	-	(2,107.64)
Net Change	-	1,096.05	1,230.00	-	2,326.05
Indebtedness at the end of the financial year					
i) Principal Amount	-	34412.65	3876.00	-	38288.65
ii) Interest due but not paid	-	-	-	-	-
iii) Interest accrued but not due	-	-	-	-	-
Total (i+ii+iii)	-	34412.65	3876.00	-	38288.65

V. REMUNERATION OF DIRECTORS AND KEY MANAGERIAL PERSONNEL-

A. REMUNERATION TO MANAGING DIRECTOR, WHOLE-TIME DIRECTORS AND / OR MANAGER:

SN.	Particulars of Remuneration	Name of MD/WTD/ Manager	Total Amount
1.	Gross salary	NOT APPLICABLE	
	(a) Salary as per provisions contained in section 17(1) of the Income-tax Act, 1961		
	(b) Value of perquisites u/s 17(2) Income-tax Act, 1961		
	(c) Profits in lieu of salary under section 17(3) Income- tax Act, 1961		
2.	Stock Option		
3.	Sweat Equity		
4.	Commission - as % of profit - others, specify...		
5.	Others, please specify		
	Total (A)		
	Ceiling as per the Act		

B. REMUNERATION TO OTHER DIRECTORS:

SN.	Particulars of Remuneration @	Name of Directors	Total Amount
1	Independent Directors	NOT APPLICABLE	
	Fee for attending board committee meetings		
	Commission		
	Others, please specify		
	Total (1)		
2	Other Non-Executive Directors		
	Fee for attending board committee meetings		
	Commission		
	Others, please specify		
	Total (2)		
	Total (B)=(1+2)		
	Total Managerial Remuneration		
	Overall Ceiling as per the Act		

@ All the Part-time Directors during the financial year 2021-22 are nominated on the Board by the holding company; do not draw any remuneration from the Company. No sitting fee is paid to the Part-time Directors.

C. REMUNERATION TO KEY MANAGERIAL PERSONNEL (OTHER THAN MD/MANAGER/WTD):

S.No	Particulars of Remuneration	Key Managerial Personnel				
		Mr. N. Patil, CEO	Mr. Mahadeb Mandal, CFO (From July 2021 to March, 22)	Ms. Pooja Rastogi, CS	Ms. Kratika Gupta, CFO (From April, 2021 to June, 2021)	Total
1	Gross Salary	14.25	13.04	5.16	4.40	36.85
	(a) Salary as per provisions contained in section 17(1) of the Income-tax Act, 1961	-	-	-	-	-
	(b) Value of perquisites u/s 17(2) Income-tax Act, 1961	-	-	-	-	-
	(c) Profits in lieu of salary under section 17(3) Income-tax Act, 1961	-	-	-	-	-
2	Stock Option	-	-	-	-	-
3	Sweat Equity	-	-	-	-	-
4	Commission	-	-	-	-	-
	as % of profit	-	-	-	-	-

	others, specify...	-	-	-	-	-
5	Others, please specify	-	-	-	-	-
	Performance linked incentive (PRP)	-	-	-	0.86	0.86
	- Retirement benefits (Pension, PF)	1.71	4.28	0.62	1.32	7.93
	Total	15.96	17.32	5.78	6.58	45.64

VI. PENALTIES / PUNISHMENT/ COMPOUNDING OF OFFENCES:

Type	Section of the Companies Act	Brief Description	Compounding fees imposed	Authority [RD / NCLT/ COURT]	Appeal made, if any (give Details)
A. COMPANY					
Penalty					
Punishment					
Compounding					
B. DIRECTORS					
Penalty					
Punishment					
Compounding					
C. OTHER OFFICERS IN DEFAULT					
Penalty					
Punishment					
Compounding					

For and on behalf of Board of Directors
of Ircon Davanagere Haveri Highway Limited

Date: 04.08.2022
Place: New Delhi

sd/-
Ashok Kumar Goyal
Chairman
DIN: 05308809



Annexure

LIST OF SHAREHOLDERS

Paid up Share Capital of the Company = Rs.173 Cr

Name of Shareholders	Number of Equity Shares held (of Rs.10 each)	% of holding
Ircon International Limited (For 5 th AGM of IrconDHHL, Ms. Ritu Arora, Company Secretary/Ircon has been nominated by Ircon as its representative)	172,999,200	99.99
Ashok Kumar Goyal*	200	Negligible
Shyam Lal Gupta*	100	Negligible
Surender Singh*	100	Negligible
Ritu Arora*	100	Negligible
Parag Verma*	100	Negligible
Subhash Chand*	100	Negligible
B. Mugunthan*	100	Negligible
TOTAL	173,000,000	100

**Nominee shareholders holding shares on behalf of Ircon International Limited.*

(After Closure of FY 2021-22, IRCON withdrawn nomination of Mr. Yogesh Kumar Misra and Mr. Surajit Dutta as nominee shareholder and nominated Mr. Surender Singh and Ms. Ritu Arora.)

CHIEF EXECUTIVE OFFICER (CEO) AND CHIEF FINANCIAL OFFICER (CFO)
CERTIFICATION

We have reviewed the Financial Statements including the Balance Sheet, Statement of Profit & Loss and the Cash Flow Statement for the Financial Year 2021-22 and to the best of our knowledge and belief: -

- (i) These statements do not contain any materially untrue statement or omit any material fact or contain statement that might be misleading;
- (ii) These statements together present a true and fair view of the Company's affairs and are in compliance with existing accounting standards, applicable laws and regulations.
- (iii) These are, to the best of our knowledge and belief, no transactions entered into by the Company during the year which are fraudulent, illegal, or violative of the Company's General Code of Conduct as agreed to be followed by the Directors and Senior Management of the Company.
- (iv) We accept responsibility for establishing and maintaining internal controls for financial reporting and that we have evaluated the effectiveness of the internal control systems of the Company pertaining to financial reporting. We have disclosed to the auditor's deficiencies in the design or operation of such internal controls of which we are aware and the steps we have taken or propose to rectify these deficiencies.
- (v) We have indicated to the Auditor any changes in Accounting Policies that may have been effected during the year, and that the same have been disclosed in the Notes to the Financial Statements; and
- (vi) There was no instance of fraud of which we are aware nor there has been involvement of the Management or an employee having a significant role in the Company's internal control system over financial reporting.

Sd/-

Mr. Nagangouda Hanumanthgouda Patil
Chief Executive Officer (CEO)

sd/-

Mr. Mahadeb Mandal
Chief Financial Officer(CFO)

Date: 14.07.2022
Place: New Delhi

FORM NO. AOC-2

(Pursuant to clause (h) of sub-section (3) of section 134 of the Act and Rule 8 (2) of the Companies (Accounts) Rules, 2014)

Form for disclosure of particulars of contracts/arrangements entered into by the Company with related parties referred to in sub-section (1) of section 188 of the Companies Act, 2013 including certain arm's length transactions under third proviso thereto for the financial year 2021-22

1. Details of contracts or arrangements or transactions not at arm's length basis: NIL
2. Details of material contracts or arrangements or transactions at arm's length basis: as follows

Sr. No.	Nature of contracts or arrangements or transactions	Duration of the contracts or arrangements or transactions	Salient terms of the Contracts or Arrangements or Transactions including the value, if any	Date(s) of approval by the Board, if any:	Amount paid as advances, if any:
1.	EPC Agreement (For Appointing Ircon International Limited as EPC Contractor for execution of project works of "Six Laning of Davanagere Haveri from km 260+000 to km 338+923 of NH-48(Old NH-4) in the state of Karnataka")	Date: EPC Agreement dated 04.01.2018 Duration: Completion period is 30 months from Appointed date or handing over of land by the Company to IRCON whichever is later. Further, extended up to 26.08.2021 vide IrconDHHL letter dated 10.08.2021.	Consideration: Rs.916.93 Crore plus GST @12%.	August 10, 2021, February 20, 2018 & November 9, 2017	NIL (As on Date)
2.	Lease Agreement (To take on lease the Office Premises of IRCON)	Estimated duration: 1 year, 7 months and 15 days (15.05.2021 to 31.03.2023)	Lease Agreement executed on 9 th August 2018 and has been renewed w.e.f. 15.05.2021 till 31.03.2023 ₹21236/- p.m plus GST.	June 15, 2021	NIL (As on Date)

**For and on behalf of Board of Directors
of Ircon Davanagere Haveri Highway Limited**

**Date: 04.08.2022
Place: New Delhi**

sd/-
Ashok Kumar Goyal
Chairman
DIN: 05308809



Jayesh Parmar & Associates
Practising Company Secretary
91+9899339796
E-mail – csjayeshparmar@gmail.com

ANNEXURE TO THE DIRECTORS' REPORT
Form No. MR-3
SECRETARIAL AUDIT REPORT
FOR THE FINANCIAL YEAR ENDED 31ST MARCH, 2022

[Pursuant to Section 204(1) of the Companies Act, 2013 and Rule No. 9 of the Companies (Appointment and Remuneration Personnel) Rules, 2014]

To
The Members,
M/s. **IRCON DAVANAGERE HAVERI HIGHWAY LIMITED**
Regd. Office: Plot No. C-4, District Centre, Saket
New Delhi-110017

We have conducted the secretarial audit of the compliance of applicable statutory provisions and the adherence to good corporate governance practice by **IRCON DAVANAGERE HAVERI HIGHWAY LIMITED** having CIN: **U45500DL2017GOI317401** (hereinafter called “the Company”). Secretarial Audit was conducted in a manner that provided us a reasonable basis for evaluating the corporate conducts / statutory compliances and expressing our opinion thereon.

Based on our verification of the Company’s Books, Papers, Minutes Books, Forms and Returns filed and other records maintained by the Company and also the information provided by the Company, its officers, agents and authorized representatives during the conduct of secretarial audit, we hereby report that in our opinion, the Company has, during the financial year ended **31st March, 2022**, complied with the statutory provisions listed hereunder and also that the Company has proper Board processes and compliance mechanism in place to the extent, in the manner and subject to the reporting made hereinafter:

We have examined the books, papers, minute books, forms and returns filed and other records maintained by the Company for the financial year ended on **31st March, 2022** according to the provisions of:

- (i) The Companies Act, 2013 (the Act) and the Rules made there under;
- (ii) Secretarial Standards issued by The Institute of Company Secretaries of India: **Applicability of SS-1 and SS-2;**
- (iii) Foreign Exchange Management Act, 1999 and the Rules and Regulations made there under to the extent of foreign Direct Investment, Overseas Direct Investment, External Commercial Borrowings; wherever applicable,

During the period under review, the Company has complied with the provisions of the Act, Rules, Regulations, Guidelines, Standards, etc. mentioned above.

We report that:

The Board of Directors of the Company is duly constituted with proper balance of Executive Directors and Non-Executive Directors. The changes in the composition of the Board of Directors that took place during the year under review were carried out in compliance with the provisions of the Act.

Adequate notice is given to all directors to schedule the Board Meetings, agenda and detailed notes on agenda were sent at least seven days in advance and on shorter notice with the consent of Directors, and a system exists for seeking and obtaining further information and clarifications on the agenda items before the meeting and for meaningful participation at the meeting.

We further report that compliance of applicable financial laws including Direct and Indirect Tax laws by the Company has not been reviewed in this Audit since the same has been subject to review by the Statutory Auditors and other designated professionals.

We further report that there are adequate systems and processes in the Company commensurate with the size and operations of the Company to monitor and ensure compliance with applicable laws, rules, regulations and guidelines.

For **Jayesh Parmar & Associates**
Company Secretaries

Place: New Delhi
Date: May 10, 2022
UDIN: A027055D000296390

Sd/-
Jayesh Parmar
(Proprietor)
ACS No.:27055
C.P No.:15007

This report is to be read with our letter of even date which is annexed as 'Annexure A' and forms an integral part of this report.

To
The Members
M/s. **IRCON DAVANAGERE HAVERI HIGHWAY LIMITED**

Our report of even date is to be read along with this letter.

1. Maintenance of Secretarial record is the responsibility of the management of the Company. Our responsibility is to express as opinion on these secretarial records based on our audit.
2. We have followed the audit practices and process as were appropriate to obtain reasonable assurance about the correctness of the contents of the secretarial records. The verification was done on test basis to ensure that correct facts are reflected in secretarial records. We believe that the processes and practices, we followed provide a reasonable basis for our opinion.
3. We have not verified the correctness and appropriateness of financial records and Books of Accounts of the Company.
4. Where ever required, we have obtained the Management representation about the compliance of laws, rules and regulations and happening of events etc.
5. The compliance of the provisions of Corporate and other applicable laws, rules, regulations, standards is the responsibility of management. Our examination was limited to the verification of procedures on test basis.
6. The Secretarial Audit report is neither an assurance as to the future viability of the Company nor of the efficacy or effectiveness with which the management has conducted the affairs of the Company.

For Jayesh Parmar & Associates

Place: New Delhi
Date: May 10, 2022
UDIN: A027055D000296390

Sd/-
Jayesh Parmar
Company Secretaries
(Proprietor)
ACS No.:27055
C.P No.:15007



INDEPENDENT AUDITOR'S REPORT

To the Members of
IRCON DAVANAGERE HAVERI HIGHWAY LIMITED
C - 4, District Centre
Saket, New Delhi (IN) - 110 017

REPORT ON THE AUDIT OF STANDALONE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

We have audited the accompanying Standalone Financial Statements of **IRCON DAVANAGERE HAVERI HIGHWAY LIMITED** ("the Company") which comprises the Balance Sheet as at March 31, 2022, the Statement of Profit and Loss, Statement of Changes in Equity and Statement of Cash Flows for the period then ended and Notes to the Financial Statements including a summary of significant accounting policies and other explanatory information (herein after referred to as "Standalone Financial Statements").

This report, revised consequent upon observations of Comptroller and Auditor General of India during the course of audit u/s 139(5) of The Companies Act, 2013 ("The Act") for the year ended 31st March 2022, supersedes our earlier report dated 17th May 2022 u/s 143 of The Companies Act, 2013.

OPINION

In our opinion and to the best of our information and according to the explanations given to us, the aforesaid Standalone Financial Statements give the information required by The Companies Act, 2013 ("the Act") in the manner so required and give a true and fair view in conformity with the Indian Accounting Standards prescribed under section 133 of the Act read with the Companies (Indian Accounting Standards) Rules, 2015, as amended, ("IndAS") and other accounting principles generally accepted in India, of the state of affairs of the Company as at March 31, 2022, the profit and total comprehensive income, changes in equity and its cash flows for the period ended on the date.

BASIS FOR OPINION

We conducted our audit of the Standalone Financial Statements in accordance with the Standards on Auditing (SAs) specified under section 143(10) of the Companies Act, 2013. Our responsibilities under those Standards are further described in the Auditor's Responsibilities for the Audit of the Standalone Financial Statements section of our report. We are independent of the Company in accordance with the Code of Ethics issued by the Institute of Chartered Accountants of India (ICAI) together with the independence requirements that are relevant to our audit of the financial statements under the provisions of the Companies Act, 2013 and the Rules made there under, and we have fulfilled our other ethical responsibilities in accordance with these requirements and the ICAI's Code of Ethics. We believe that the audit evidence obtained by us is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our audit opinion on the financial statements.



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KEY AUDIT MATTERS

Key audit matters are those matters that, in our professional judgment, were of most significance in our audit of the Standalone Financial Statements of the current period. These matters were addressed in the context of our audit of the Standalone Financial Statements as a whole, and in forming our opinion thereon, and we do not provide a separate opinion on these matters. We have determined that there are no Key Audit Matters to communicate in our report.

INFORMATION OTHER THAN THE STANDALONE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS AND AUDITOR'S REPORT THEREON

The Company's Board of Directors is responsible for the preparation of the other information. The other information comprises the information included in the Company's annual report but does not include the Standalone Financial Statements and our auditor's report thereon. Our opinion on the Standalone Financial Statements does not cover the other information and we do not express any form of assurance conclusion thereon.

In connection with our audit of the Standalone Financial Statements, our responsibility is to read the other information and, in doing so, consider whether the other information is materially inconsistent with the financial statements or our knowledge obtained during the course of our audit or otherwise appears to be materially misstated. If, based on the work we have performed, we conclude that there is a material misstatement of this other information, we are required to report that fact. We have nothing to report in this regard.

RESPONSIBILITIES OF MANAGEMENT AND THOSE CHARGED WITH GOVERNANCE FOR THE STANDALONE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

The Company's Board of Directors is responsible for the matters stated in section 134(5) of the Companies Act, 2013 ("the Act") with respect to the preparation of these Standalone Financial Statements that give a true and fair view of the financial position, financial performance, changes in equity and cash flows of the Company in accordance with the accounting principles generally accepted in India, including the Indian accounting Standards (IndAS) specified under section 133 of the Act read with the Companies (Indian Accounting Standards) Rules, 2015, as amended from time to time.

This responsibility also includes maintenance of adequate accounting records in accordance with the provisions of the Act for safeguarding of the assets of the company and for preventing and detecting frauds and other irregularities; selection and application of appropriate accounting policies; making judgments and estimates that are reasonable and prudent; and design, implementation and maintenance of adequate internal financial controls, that were operating effectively for ensuring the accuracy and completeness of the accounting records, relevant to the preparation and presentation of the financial statements that give a true and fair view and are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error.

In preparing the financial statements, management is responsible for assessing the Company's ability to continue as a going concern, disclosing, as applicable, matters related to going concern and using the going concern basis of accounting unless management either intends to liquidate the Company or to cease operations, or has no realistic alternative but to do so. The Board of Directors is also responsible for overseeing the Company's financial reporting process.

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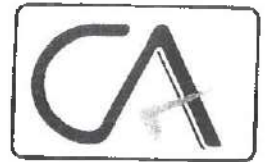
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AUDITOR'S RESPONSIBILITIES FOR THE AUDIT OF THE STANDALONE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

Our objectives are to obtain reasonable assurance about whether the financial statements as a whole are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error, and to issue an auditor's report that includes our opinion. Reasonable assurance is a high level of assurance, but is not a guarantee that an audit conducted in accordance with SAs will always detect a material misstatement when it exists. Misstatements can arise from fraud or error and are considered material if, individually or in the aggregate, they could reasonably be expected to influence the economic decisions of users taken on the basis of these financial statements.

As part of an audit in accordance with SAs, we exercise professional judgment and maintain professional skepticism throughout the audit. We also:

- Identify and assess the risks of material misstatement of the financial statements, whether due to fraud or error, design and perform audit procedures responsive to those risks, and obtain audit evidence that is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our opinion. The risk of not detecting a material misstatement resulting from fraud is higher than for one resulting from error, as fraud may involve collusion, forgery, intentional omissions, misrepresentations, or the override of internal control.
- Obtain an understanding of internal control relevant to the audit in order to design audit procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances. Under section 143(3)(i) of the Companies Act, 2013, we are also responsible for expressing our opinion on whether the company has adequate internal financial controls system in place and the operating effectiveness of such controls.
- Evaluate the appropriateness of accounting policies used and the reasonableness of accounting estimates and related disclosures made by management.
- Conclude on the appropriateness of management's use of the going concern basis of accounting and, based on the audit evidence obtained, whether a material uncertainty exists related to events or conditions that may cast significant doubt on the Company's ability to continue as a going concern. If we conclude that a material uncertainty exists, we are required to draw attention in our auditor's report to the related disclosures in the financial statements or, if such disclosures are inadequate, to modify our opinion. Our conclusions are based on the audit evidence obtained up to the date of our auditor's report. However, future events or conditions may cause the Company to cease to continue as a going concern.
- Evaluate the overall presentation, structure and content of the financial statements, including the disclosures, and whether the financial statements represent the underlying transactions and events in a manner that achieves fair presentation.

Materiality is the magnitude of misstatements in the standalone financial statements that, individually or in aggregate, makes it probable that the economic decisions of a reasonably knowledgeable user of the financial statements may be influenced. We consider quantitative materiality and qualitative factors in (i) planning the scope of our audit work and in evaluating the results of our work; and (ii) to evaluate the effect of any identified misstatements in the financial statements.

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- We communicate with those charged with governance regarding, among other matters, the planned scope and timing of the audit and significant audit findings, including any significant deficiencies in internal control that we identify during our audit.
- We also provide those charged with governance with a statement that we have complied with relevant ethical requirements regarding independence, and to communicate with them all relationships and other matters that may reasonably be thought to bear on our independence, and where applicable, related safeguards.
- From the matters communicated with those charged with governance, we determine those matters that were of most significance in the audit of the Standalone Financial Statements of the current period and are therefore the key audit matters. We describe these matters in our auditor's report unless law or regulation precludes public disclosure about the matter or when, in extremely rare circumstances, we determine that a matter should not be communicated in our report because the adverse consequences of doing so would reasonably be expected to outweigh the public interest benefits of such communication.

REPORT ON OTHER LEGAL AND REGULATORY REQUIREMENTS

1. As required by The Companies (Auditor's Report) Order, 2020 ("the Order"), issued by the Government of India in terms of sub-section (11) of Section 143 of The Companies Act, 2013, we give in the Annexure A, a statement on the matters specified in paragraphs 3 and 4 of the Order, to the extent applicable.
2. As required by Section 143(3) of the Act, we report that:
 - a. We have sought and obtained all the information and explanations, which to the best of our knowledge and belief were necessary for the purposes of our audit.
 - b. In our opinion, proper books of account as required by law have been kept by the Company so far as it appears from our examination of those books.
 - c. The Balance Sheet, the Statement of Profit and Loss (including Other Comprehensive Income), and the Cash Flow Statement and the Statement of Changes in Equity dealt with by this Report are in agreement with the books of account.
 - d. In our opinion, the aforesaid Standalone Financial Statements comply with the Indian Accounting Standards (IndAS) specified under Section 133 of the Act, read with Rule 7 of the Companies (Accounts) Rules, 2014.



Being a government company, provision of section 164(2) of the Act are not applicable pursuant to the notification No. GSR 463 (E) dated 5th June 2015, issued by the Government of India.

With respect to the adequacy of the internal financial controls over financial reporting of the company and the operating effectiveness of such controls, refer to our separate Report in "Annexure B".

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- g. Being a government company, provision of section 197 of the Act are not applicable vide notification No. GSR 463 (E) dated 5th June 2015, issued by the Central Government of India.
- h. With respect to the other matters to be included in the Auditor's Report in accordance with Rule 11 of the Companies (Audit and Auditors) Rules, 2014 as amended, in our opinion and to the best of our information and according to the explanations given to us:
- i. The Company does not have any pending litigations which would have a material impact on its financial position.
 - ii. Based on the assessment made by the Company, there are no material foreseeable losses on long-term contracts that may require any provisioning. The Company did not have any derivative contracts for which there were any material foreseeable losses.
 - iii. There were no amounts which were required to be transferred, to the Investor Education and Protection Fund by the Company.
 - iv.
 - (a) The Management has represented that, to the best of its knowledge and belief, no funds (which are material either individually or in the aggregate) have been advanced or loaned or invested (either from borrowed funds or share premium or any other sources or kind of funds) by the Company to or in any other person or entity, including foreign entity ("Intermediaries"), with the understanding, whether recorded in writing or otherwise, that the Intermediary shall, whether, directly or indirectly lend or invest in other persons or entities identified in any manner whatsoever by or on behalf of the Company ("Ultimate Beneficiaries") or provide any guarantee, security or the like on behalf of the Ultimate Beneficiaries;
 - (b) The Management has represented, that, to the best of its knowledge and belief, no funds (which are material either individually or in the aggregate) have been received by the Company from any person or entity, including foreign entity ("Funding Parties"), with the understanding, whether recorded in writing or otherwise, that the Company shall, whether, directly or indirectly, lend or invest in other persons or entities identified in any manner whatsoever by or on behalf of the Funding Party ("Ultimate Beneficiaries") or provide any guarantee, security or the like on behalf of the Ultimate Beneficiaries;
 - (c) Based on the audit procedures that have been considered reasonable and appropriate in the circumstances, nothing has come to our notice that has caused us to believe that the representations under sub-clause (i) and (ii) of Rule 11(e), as provided under (a) and (b) above, contain any material misstatement.
 - v. The Company has not proposed, declared or paid any final or interim dividend during the period and until the date of this report, therefore, the reporting under clause is not applicable.

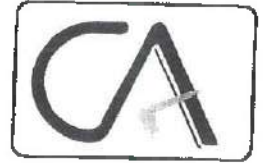


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3. As required by Section 143(5) of the Act and as per directions issued by Comptroller and Auditor General of India, we report that:

SN	Directions	Auditor's Replies
1.	Whether the company has system in place to process all the accounting transactions through IT system? If yes, the implications of processing of accounting transactions outside IT system on the Integrity of the accounts along with the financial implications, if any, may be stated.	Company is using SAP system to process all the accounting transactions. As per the information and explanation provided to us no accounting transactions have been processed outside the IT System.
2.	Whether there is any restructuring of an existing loan or cases of waiver / write off of debts/loans/interest etc. made by a lender to the company due to the company's inability to repay the loan? If yes, the financial impact may be stated. Whether such cases are properly accounted for? (In case, lender is a Government company, then this direction is also applicable for statutory auditor of lender company).	No, Company is having no case of any restructuring of an existing loan or cases of waiver / write off of debts / loans / interest etc. made by a lender to the company due to the company's inability to repay the loan.
3.	Whether funds (grants / subsidy etc.) received / receivable for specific schemes from Central / State Government or its agencies were properly accounted for / utilized as per its term and conditions? List the cases of deviation	According to the information and explanation given to us and as per our examination of records, no funds have been received / receivable for any specific scheme from Central / State Government or its agencies during the period from 1 st April, 2021 to 31 st March 2022.

For SINGHAL SUNIL & ASSOCIATES
CHARTERED ACCOUNTANTS

FRN 008030N



CA SUNIL SINGHAL
PARTNER

M. No. 086904

UDIN - 22086904ANGJPD7922

Date : 19th July, 2022

Place : New Delhi

Head Office

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ANNEXURE "A" TO THE INDEPENDENT AUDITOR'S REPORT OF IRCON DAVANAGERE HIGHWAY LIMITED FOR THE FINANCIAL YEAR ENDED 31st MARCH, 2022

(Referred to in paragraph 1 under 'Report on Other Legal and Regulatory Requirements' section of our report to the members of IRCON DAVANAGERE HAVERI HIGHWAY LIMITED of even date)

To the best of our information and according to the explanations provided to us by the Company and the books of account and records examined by us in the normal course of audit, we report that:

1. In respect of Company's Fixed Assets –

- a. The company is maintaining proper records showing full particulars, including quantitative details and situation of fixed assets.
- b. The company is not having any intangible assets; hence this clause is not applicable.
- c. According to the information and explanations given to us, the Fixed Assets have been physically verified by the management in a phased manner at reasonable intervals, and no material discrepancies were noticed on such verification. Further, there is a regular program of verification, which in our opinion, is reasonable having regard to the size of the company and nature of its business.
- d. The company does not own any immovable properties during the period of audit.
- e. The Company has not revalued its Property, Plant and Equipment (including Right of Use Assets) or intangible assets or both during the year.
- f. According to the information and explanation given to us, no proceedings have been initiated or are pending against the company for holding any benami property under the Benami Transactions (Prohibition) Act, 1988 (45 of 1988) and rules made thereunder during the year.

2. In respect of Inventories –

The Company does not have any inventory and no working capital limits in excess of Rupees Five Crores (at any point of time during the year), in aggregate, from banks or financial institutions on the basis of security of current assets. Accordingly, the provisions of Clause 3(ii) of the Order are not applicable.

3. According to information and explanation given to us by the management and records produced before us, the company has during the year, not made investments in, provided any guarantee or security or granted any loans or advances in the nature of loans, secured or unsecured to companies, firms, limited liability partnerships or other parties covered in the register required under Section 189 of the Companies Act, 2013. Accordingly, reporting under Clause 3(iii) of the order is not applicable.

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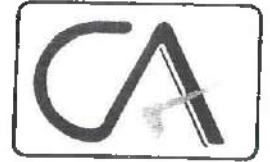


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4. In our opinion and according to information and explanation given to us by the management and records produced before us, the company has not granted any loans or provided any guarantees or given any security or made any investments to which the provision of section 185 and 186 of the Companies Act, 2013 are attracted. Accordingly, reporting under paragraph 3(iv) of the order is not applicable.
5. In our opinion and according to the information and explanations given to us by the management and records produced before us, the company has not accepted any deposits from public and hence the directives issued by the Reserve Bank of India and the provisions of sections 73 to 76 or any other relevant provisions of the Act and the Companies (Acceptance of Deposit) Rules, 2015 with regard to the deposits accepted from the public are not applicable. Accordingly, the provisions of clause 3(v) of the Order are not applicable.
6. The Company has maintained cost records as required under Section 148(1) of The Companies Act, 2013. However, we are neither required to carry out, nor have carried out any detailed examination of such accounts and records.

7. **In respect of statutory dues –**

- a. According to the information and explanations given to us and on the basis of our examination of the records of the Company, amounts deducted / accrued in the books of account in respect of undisputed statutory dues including provident fund, income tax, goods and service tax, duty of customs, duty of excise, value added tax, cess and other material statutory dues applicable to the company have been generally regularly deposited during the year by the company with the appropriate authorities.
- b. According to the information and explanations given to us and on the basis of our examination of the records of the Company, no undisputed amounts payable in respect of provident fund, income tax, goods and service tax, duty of customs, duty of excise, value added tax, cess and other material statutory dues were in arrears as at March 31, 2022 for a period of more than six months from the date they became payable.
- c. According to the information and explanations given to us and on the basis of the records of the company examined by us, there are no dues of income tax, goods and service tax, duty of customs, duty of excise, value added tax, cess and other material statutory dues which have not been deposited as on March 31, 2022 on account of any dispute.



In our opinion and according to the information and explanation given to us, the company has no transactions, not recorded in the books of account which have been surrendered or disclosed as income during the year in the tax assessments under the Income Tax Act, 1961 (43 of 1961);

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9. **In respect of loans and borrowings taken by the Company –**

- a. Based on the review of accounts and as per information provide, the company has not defaulted in repayment of loans or other borrowings or in the payment of interest thereon to any lender during the year;
- b. The Company is not declared wilful defaulter by any bank or financial institution or any other lender;
- c. According to the information and explanation given to us, term loans were applied for the purpose for which the loans were obtained;
- d. According to the information and explanation given to us, funds raised on short term basis have not been utilized for long term purposes;
- e. According to the information and explanation given to us, the company has not taken any funds from any entity or person on account of or to meet the obligations of its subsidiaries, associates or joint ventures;
- f. According to the information and explanation given to us, the company has not raised loans during the year on the pledge of securities held in its subsidiaries, joint ventures or associate companies and hence reporting under Clause 3(ix)(f) of the Order is not applicable.

10.

- a. The Company has not raised any money by way of initial public offer or further public offer (including debt instruments) during the year. Accordingly, reporting under clause 3(x)(a) of the order is not applicable.
- b. The Company has not made any preferential allotment or private placement of shares or convertible debentures (fully or partly or optionally) and hence reporting under clause 3(x)(b) of the order is not applicable.

11.

- a. To the best of our knowledge and according to the information and explanations given to us, no fraud by the Company or no material fraud on the Company by its officers or employees has been noticed or reported during the year and during the course of our audit.
- b. According to the information and explanation given to us, no report under sub-section (12) of section 143 of the Companies Act has been filed by the auditors in Form ADT-4 as prescribed under rule 13 of Companies (Audit and Auditors) Rules, 2014 with the Central Government;
- c. According to the information and explanation given to us, no whistle-blower complaints, have been received during the year by the company;

The Company is not a Nidhi Company as specified in Nidhi Rules, 2014 and accordingly reporting under clause 3(xii) of the order is not applicable to the Company.

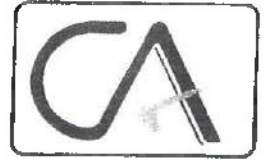
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13. According to the information and explanations given to us and based on our examination of the records of the company, transactions with the related parties are in compliance with section 177 and 188 of the Act. Where applicable, the details of such transactions have been disclosed in the financial statements as required by the applicable accounting standards.
- 14.
- In our opinion the Company has an adequate internal audit system commensurate with the size and the nature of its business.
 - We have considered, the internal audit reports for the period under audit, issued to the Company during the period and till date, in determining the nature, timing and extent of our audit procedures.
15. According to the information and explanations given to us and based on our examination of the records of the company, the company has not entered into non-cash transactions with directors or persons connected with them, within the provisions of Section 192 of the Companies Act, 2013. Accordingly, paragraph 3(xv) of the order is not applicable.
- 16.
- According to the information and explanations given to us and based on our examination of the records of the company, the company is not required to be registered under section 45-IA of the Reserve Bank of India Act 1934. Hence, reporting under clause 3(xvi) (a), (b) and (c) of the order is not applicable.
 - In our opinion, there is no core investment company within the Group (as defined in the Core Investment Companies (Reserve Bank) Directions, 2016) and accordingly reporting under clause 3(xvi)(d) of the order is not applicable.
17. According to the information and explanations given to us and based on the audit procedures conducted, we are of opinion that the company has not incurred any cash losses in the financial year and the immediately preceding financial year.
18. There has been no resignation of the statutory auditors during the year and accordingly, the provisions of clause 3(xviii) of the order is not applicable;

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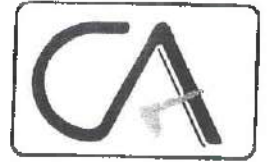


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19. On the basis of the financial ratios, ageing and expected dates of realization of financial assets and payment of financial liabilities, other information accompanying the financial statements, our knowledge of the Board of Directors and management plans and based on our examination of the evidence supporting the assumptions, nothing has come to our attention, which causes us to believe that any material uncertainty exists as on the date of the audit report indicating that company is incapable of meeting its liabilities existing at the date of balance sheet as and when they fall due within a period of one year from the balance sheet date. We, however, state that this is not an assurance as to the future viability of the company. We further state that our reporting is based on the facts up to the date of the audit report and we neither give any guarantee nor any assurance that all liabilities falling due within a period of one year from the balance sheet date, will get discharged by the company as and when they fall due.
- 20.
- There are no unspent amounts towards Corporate Social Responsibility (CSR) on other than ongoing projects requiring a transfer to a fund specified in Schedule VII to the Companies Act, 2013 in compliance with second proviso to sub section (5) of section 135 of the said Act. Accordingly reporting under clause 3(xx)(a) of the order is not applicable for the period.
 - There are no amounts incurred towards Corporate Social Responsibility (CSR) on ongoing projects for the period.
21. The Company does not have investment in subsidiaries, associates or joint ventures and therefore, company has not prepared consolidated financial statements. Accordingly reporting under clause 3(xxi) of the order is not applicable.

For SINGHAL SUNIL & ASSOCIATES
CHARTERED ACCOUNTANTS
FRN 008030N

CA SUNIL SINGHAL
PARTNER
M. No. 086904
UDIN – 22086904ANGJPD7922



Date : 19th July, 2022
Place : New Delhi

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Email: sunil.singhal.ca@gmail.com, singhal.sunil.88@gmail.com, Website.: www.casunitsinghal.com

Branches

AHMEDABAD | BHUBANESWAR | CHANDIGARH | FARIDABAD | GHAZIABAD | JAIPUR | LUCKNOW | MUMBAI | RAMGARH | RANCHI | REWA | SHIMLA | SURAT



ANNEXURE "B" TO THE INDEPENDENT AUDITOR'S REPORT OF IRCON DAVANAGERE HIGHWAY LIMITED FOR THE FINANCIAL YEAR ENDED 31ST MARCH, 2022

Report on the Internal Financial Controls under Clause (i) of Sub-section 3 of Section 143 of the Companies Act, 2013 ("the Act")

We have audited the internal financial controls over financial reporting of **IRCON DAVANAGERE HAVERI HIGHWAY LIMITED** ("the Company") as of March 31st 2022 in conjunction with our audit of the financial statements of the company for the year ended on that date.

Management's Responsibility for Internal Financial Controls

The Company's management is responsible for establishing and maintaining internal financial controls based on, "the internal control over financial reporting criteria established by the Company considering the essential components of internal control stated in the Guidance Note on Audit of Internal Financial Controls Over Financial Reporting issued by the Institute of Chartered Accountants of India (ICAI)". These responsibilities include the design, implementation and maintenance of adequate internal financial controls that were operating effectively for ensuring the orderly and efficient conduct of its business, including adherence to company's policies, the safeguarding of its assets, the prevention and detection of frauds and errors, the accuracy and completeness of the accounting records, and the timely preparation of reliable financial information, as required under the Companies Act, 2013.

Auditor's Responsibility

Our responsibility is to express an opinion on the Company's internal financial controls over financial reporting based on our audit. We conducted our audit in accordance with the Guidance Note on Audit of Internal Financial Controls Over Financial Reporting (the "Guidance Note") and the Standards on Auditing prescribed under section 143(10) of the Companies Act, 2013, to the extent applicable to an audit of internal financial controls, both issued by the Institute of Chartered Accountants of India. Those Standards and the Guidance Note require that we comply with ethical requirements and plan and perform the audit to obtain reasonable assurance about whether adequate internal financial controls over financial reporting was established and maintained and if such controls operated effectively in all material respects.

Our audit involves performing procedures to obtain audit evidence about the adequacy of the internal financial controls system over financial reporting and their operating effectiveness. Our audit of internal financial controls over financial reporting included obtaining an understanding of internal financial controls over financial reporting, assessing the risk that a material weakness exists, and assessing and evaluating the design and operating effectiveness of internal control based on the assessed risk. The procedures selected depend on the auditor's judgment, including the assessment of the risks of material misstatement of the financial statements, whether due to fraud or error.

We believe that the audit evidence we have obtained is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our audit opinion on the Company's internal financial controls system over financial reporting.

Head Office

105, Laxman Palace, 19 Veer Savarkar Block, Shakarpur, Delhi - 110 092
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Meaning of Internal Financial Controls Over Financial Reporting

A company's internal financial control over financial reporting is a process designed to provide reasonable assurance regarding the reliability of financial reporting and the preparation of financial statements for external purposes in accordance with generally accepted accounting principles. A company's internal financial control over financial reporting includes those policies and procedures that (1) pertain to the maintenance of records that, in reasonable detail, accurately and fairly reflect the transactions and dispositions of the assets of the company; (2) provide reasonable assurance that transactions are recorded as necessary to permit preparation of financial statements in accordance with generally accepted accounting principles, and that receipts and expenditures of the company are being made only in accordance with authorizations of management and directors of the company; and (3) provide reasonable assurance regarding prevention or timely detection of unauthorized acquisition, use, or disposition of the company's assets that could have a material effect on the financial statements.

Inherent Limitations of Internal Financial Controls Over Financial Reporting

Because of the inherent limitations of internal financial controls over financial reporting, including the possibility of collusion or improper management override of controls, material misstatements due to error or fraud may occur and not be detected. Also, projections of any evaluation of the internal financial controls over financial reporting to future periods are subject to the risk that the internal financial control over financial reporting may become inadequate because of changes in conditions, or that the degree of compliance with the policies or procedures may deteriorate.

Opinion

In our opinion, to the best of our information and according to the explanations given to us, the Company has, in all material respects, an adequate internal financial controls system over financial reporting and such internal financial controls over financial reporting were operating effectively as at March 31, 2022, "based on the internal control over financial reporting criteria established by the Company considering the essential components of internal control stated in the Guidance Note on Audit of Internal Financial Controls Over Financial Reporting issued by the Institute of Chartered Accountants of India".

For SINGHAL SUNIL & ASSOCIATES
CHARTERED ACCOUNTANTS
FRN 008030N



CA SUNIL SINGHAL
PARTNER

M. No. 086904

UDIN - 22086904ANGJPD7922

Date : 19th July, 2022

Place : New Delhi

Head Office

105, Laxman Palace, 19 Veer Savarkar Block, Shakarpur, Delhi - 110 092

Phone / Fax: +91-11-4244 4225, 2202 1201, Mobile: +91- 98102 91779, 99589 07329

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IRCON DAVANAGERE HAVERI HIGHWAY LIMITED
CIN - U45500DL2017GOI317401
BALANCE SHEET AS AT 31st March 2022

(Rs. in Lacs)

Particulars	Note No.	As at 31st March 2022	As at 31st March 2021
I. ASSETS			
1 Non-current assets			
(a) Property, Plant and equipment	3	0.38	0.17
(b) Financial Assets			
Other financial assets	4	45,996.52	38,568.27
(c) Deferred Tax Assets (Net)	5		6.88
Total Non-Current Assets		45,996.90	38,575.32
2 Current Assets			
(a) Financial Assets	6		
(i) Trade Receivables	6.1	3,446.88	4,182.91
(ii) Cash and Cash Equivalents	6.2	509.87	1,541.07
(iii) Bank Balances other than (ii) above	6.3	2,646.00	2,646.00
(iiii) Other financial assets	6.4	4,174.71	7,837.76
(b) Current Tax Assets (Net)	7	199.18	518.27
(c) Other Current Assets	8	4,963.52	4,743.66
Total Current Assets		15,940.16	21,469.67
Total Assets		61,937.06	60,044.99
II. EQUITY AND LIABILITIES			
1 Equity			
(a) Equity Share Capital	9	17,300.00	16,405.00
(b) Other Equity	10	2,392.23	419.56
Total Equity		19,692.23	16,824.56
2 Liabilities			
(i) Non-Current Liabilities			
(a) Financial Liabilities	11		
(i) Borrowings	11.1	36,404.65	33,855.15
(ii) Other financial liabilities	11.2	12.19	-
(b) Other Non-Current Liabilities		-	-
Total Non-Current Liabilities		36,416.84	33,855.15
(ii) Current liabilities			
(a) Financial Liabilities	12		
(i) Borrowings	12.1	1,884.00	1,884.00
(i) Trade payables	12.2		
- Micro, Small and Medium Enterprises		-	-
- Others		3,612.41	5,656.61
(ii) Other Financial Liabilities	13	103.86	1,676.30
(b) Other Current Liabilities	14	70.36	148.37
(c) Provisions	14(A)	157.36	-
(d) Current Tax liability (Net)		-	-
Total Current Liabilities		5,827.99	9,365.28
Total Equity and Liabilities		61,937.06	60,044.99
III. Summary of Significant Accounting policies	1 - 2		
IV. Notes forming part of financial statements	3 - 39		

As per our Report of even date attached

For and on behalf of Board of Directors

For Singhal Sunil & Associates
Chartered Accountants
FRN : 008030N

CA Sunil Singhal

Partner
M. No. 086904

Place : New Delhi
Date : 17-05-2022
UDIN- 22086904 AJLJTL49 20



Mugunthan Balu Gowda
Director
DIN-08517013

Nagangouda
Hanumanthgouda Patil
Chief Executive Officer

Masood Ahmad
Director
DIN-09008553

Mahadeb Mandal
Chief Financial Officer

Pradeep Baisoya
Company Secretary



IRCON DAVANAGERE HAVERI HIGHWAY LIMITED
CIN- U45500DL2017GOI317401
STATEMENT OF PROFIT AND LOSS FOR THE PERIOD ENDED 31st March 2022

(Rs. in Laacs)

S.No.	Particulars	Note No.	For the period ended 31st March 2022	For the period ended 31st March 2021
I.	Revenue :			
	Revenue from operations	15	797.76	19,306.31
II.	Other income	16	3,773.32	89.42
III.	Total Income (I + II)		4,571.08	19,395.73
IV.	Expenses:			
	Project Expenses	17	903.48	16,556.69
	Employee benefits expenses	18	63.13	44.46
	Finance costs	19	2,708.78	2,706.09
	Depreciation, amortization and impairment	20	0.24	0.13
	Other Expenses	17	58.55	1.49
	Total Expenses (IV).		3,734.18	19,308.86
V.	Profit Before exceptional items and Tax (III - IV)		836.90	86.87
VI.	Exceptional items			
VII.	Profit before tax (V + VI)		836.90	86.87
VIII.	Tax expenses:	5		
	(1) Current tax			
	- For the Period		243.35	15.26
	- For earlier years (net)		-	-0.01
	(2) Deferred tax (net)		6.88	6.88
	Total Tax Expense		250.23	22.13
IX.	Profit for the period from continuing operation (VII - VIII)		586.67	64.74
X.	Other Comprehensive Income			
	A. (i) Items that will not be reclassified to profit or loss		-	-
	(ii) Income Tax relating to Items that will not be reclassified to profit or loss		-	-
	B. (i) Items that will be reclassified to profit or loss		-	-
	(ii) Income Tax relating to Items that will be reclassified to profit or loss		-	-
			-	-
XI.	Total Comprehensive Income for the period (IX + X) (Comprising profit and other comprehensive income for the year, net of tax)		586.67	64.74
XII.	Earnings Per Equity Share: (For Continuing Operation)			
	(1) Basic	21	0.35	0.04
	(2) Diluted		0.35	0.04
	Face Value Per Equity Share		10.00	10.00
XIII.	Summary of Significant Accounting policies	1 - 2		
XIV.	Notes forming part of financial statements	3 - 39		

As per our Report of even date attached

For and on behalf of Board of Directors

For Singhal Sunil & Associates
Chartered Accountants
FRN : 008030N

CA. Sunil Singhal

Partner
M. No. 086904

Place : New Delhi
Date : 17-05-2022
UDIN: 22086904AJLJTL4920



Mugunthan Biju Gowda
Director
DIN-08517013

Naganandya
Hanumanthgouda Patil
Chief Executive Officer

Masood Ahmad
Director
DIN-09008553

Mahadeb Mandal
Chief Financial Officer

Pradeep Baisoya
Company Secretary



IRCON DAVANAGERE HAVERI HIGHWAY LIMITED
CIN- U15500DL2017GO1317401
CASH FLOW STATEMENT FOR THE PERIOD ENDED 31st March 2022

(Rs. in Lacs)			
Particulars		As at 31st March 2022	As at 31st March 2021
CASH FLOW FROM OPERATING ACTIVITIES			
Net Profit before taxation		836.90	86.87
Adjustment for :			
Interest Income		(3,770.18)	(97.22)
Depreciation, amortization and impairment		0.24	0.13
Interest Expenses and Other Finance Cost		2,708.79	2,765.74
Operating Profit before Current /Non-Current Assets and Liabilities	(1)	(224.25)	2,755.52
Adjustment for :			
Decrease / (Increase) in Trade Receivables		736.03	(3,390.89)
Decrease / (Increase) in Other Non Current Financial Assets		(7,428.26)	(13,093.96)
Decrease / (Increase) in Other Current Financial Assets		5,432.59	8,977.39
Decrease / (Increase) in Other Current Assets		(219.86)	1,393.44
Decrease / (Increase) in Current Loans		-	-
(Decrease) / Increase in Trade Payables		(2,044.20)	3,121.74
(Decrease) / Increase in Other Current Financial Liabilities		(1,348.98)	1,389.94
(Decrease) / Increase in Other Non Current Financial Liabilities		12.19	-
(Decrease) / Increase in Other Current Liabilities		79.35	(3,255.10)
Total of Working Capital Changes	(2)	(4,781.14)	(4,857.44)
Cash generated from operation	(1+2)	(5,005.39)	(2,101.92)
Income Tax Paid (net of refund)		75.74	144.98
NET CASH FROM OPERATING ACTIVITIES	(A)	(4,929.65)	(1,956.94)
CASH FLOW FROM INVESTING ACTIVITIES			
Purchase of Property, Plant and Equipment including CWIP		(0.45)	-
Purchase of Intangible Assets		-	-
Purchase / Proceeds of Property, Plant and Equipment		-	-
Interest Received		2,000.64	97.69
Dividend Received		-	-
Investment in Deposits		-	(2,646.00)
(Investment) / Maturity of Bank Deposits (having maturity of more than 3 months)		-	-
NET CASH FROM INVESTING ACTIVITIES	(B)	2,000.19	(2,548.31)
CASH FLOW FROM FINANCING ACTIVITIES			
Loan From IRCON		-	(26,922.00)
Loan From IRCON (UnSecured)		1,220.00	2,646.00
Loan From PNB		1,319.49	33,093.15
Equity Shares issued during the year		895.00	-
Quasi Equity From IRCON		1,386.00	-
Payment to DIPAM for Buy Back of Shares		-	-
Interest Expenses and Other Finance Cost		(2,932.23)	(2,990.00)
NET CASH FROM FINANCING ACTIVITIES	(C)	1,898.26	5,827.15
Effect of Exchange differences on translation of Foreign Currency Cash & Cash Equivalents	(D)	-	-
NET INCREASE/(DECREASE) IN CASH & CASH EQUIVALENT	(A+B+C+D)	(1,031.20)	1,321.90
Components of Cash Flow			
CASH AND CASH EQUIVALENT (OPENING)*			
Cash Balances	(E)	1,541.07	219.17
Balance with Banks		-	-
- On current accounts		1,398.07	1.67
- Flexi Deposits with original maturity of less than 3 months		143.00	217.50
CASH AND CASH EQUIVALENT (CLOSING) *	(F)	509.87	1,541.07
Cash Balances		-	-
Balance with Banks		-	-
- On current accounts		509.87	1,398.07
- Flexi Deposits with original maturity of less than 3 months		-	143.00
NET INCREASE / (DECREASE) IN CASH & CASH EQUIVALENT	(F - E)	(1,031.20)	1,321.90

* Earmarked funds



IRCON DAVANAGERE HAVARI HIGHWAY LIMITED
CIN- U45500DL2017GOI317401
CASH FLOW STATEMENT FOR THE PERIOD ENDED 31st March 2022

Reconciliation of liabilities arising from financing activities as on 31st March 2022

Particulars	(Rs. in Lacs)			
	Loan From IRCON	Loan From PNB	Interest on IRCON Loan	Interest on PNB Loan & NHAI Advance
Balance as at 1st April,2021	2,646.00	33,093.15	-	223.45
Cash flows:				
-Repayments	-	(1,884.20)	(208.93)	(2,723.30)
-Proceeds	1,230.00	3,203.69	208.93	2,499.85
Balance at 31st March 2022	3,876.00	34,412.64	-	-

Reconciliation of liabilities arising from financing activities as on 31st March 2021

Particulars	(Rs. in Lacs)			
	Loan From IRCON	Loan From PNB	Interest on IRCON Loan	Interest on PNB Loan & NHAI Advance
Balance as at 1st April,2020	26,922.00	-	-	447.71
Cash flows:				
-Repayments	-26,922.00	-	(1,869.68)	(1,120.32)
-Proceeds	2,646.00	33,093.15	1,869.68	896.05
Balance at 31st March,2021	2,646.00	33,093.15	-	223.44

Note: 1. Cash flows are reported using the indirect method, whereby profit / (loss) before tax is adjusted for the effects of transactions of non-cash nature and any deferrals or accruals of past or future cash receipts or payments. The cash flows from operating, investing and financing activities of the Company are segregated based on the available information

2. Effective April 1, 2017, the company has adopted the amendment to Ind-AS 7, which require the entities to provide disclosures that enable users of financial statements to evaluate changes in liabilities arising from financing activities, including both changes arising from cash flows and non-cash changes, suggesting inclusion of a reconciliation between the opening and closing balances in the balance sheet for liabilities arising from financing activities, to meet the disclosures requirement. The adoption of amendment did not have any material effect on the financial statements.

3. Figures in brackets represent outflow of cash.

4. Figures of the previous year have been regrouped / recasted wherever necessary.

As per our Report of even date attached

For Singhal Sunil & Associates
 Chartered Accountants
 FRN : 008030N



CA Sunil Singhal

Partner
 M. No. 086904

Place : New Delhi

Date : 17-05-2022

UDIN: 22086904A1LTL4920

For and on behalf of Board of Directors

Mugunthan Biju Gowda Masood Ahmad
 Director Director
 DIN-08517013 DIN-09008553

Nagangouda Hanumanthgouda Patil Pradeep Baisoya
 Chief Executive Officer Chief Financial Officer Company Secretary



IRCON DAVANAGERE HAVERI HIGHWAY LIMITED
CIN- U45500DL2017GOI317401
STATEMENT OF CHANGE IN EQUITY AS AT 31st MARCH 2022

(Rs. in Lacs)

Particulars	"Balance at the beginning of the Reporting Period"	Changes due to Prior Period Errors	Restated Balance at the beginning of the Reporting Period	Issued during the year	Shares buy back during the year	Balance at the end of Reporting Period
Balance as at March 31, 2021	16,405.00	-	16,405.00	-	-	16,405.00
Balance as at March 31, 2022	16,405.00	-	16,405.00	895.00	-	17,300.00

(Rs. in Lacs)

Particulars	Reserve & Surplus				Total
	General Reserves	Retained Earnings	Capital Redemption Reserve	Quasi Equity	
Balance as at April 1, 2020	-	354.82	-	-	354.82
Changes in accounting policy or prior period errors	-	-	-	-	-
Restated balance at the 1st April 2020	-	354.82	-	-	354.82
Profit for the year	-	64.74	-	-	64.74
Other Comprehensive Income	-	419.56	-	-	419.56
Remeasurement of Defined Benefit Plans	-	-	-	-	-
Foreign Exchange translation difference	-	-	-	-	-
Total Comprehensive Income for the period	-	419.56	-	-	419.56
Buy Back of Equity Shares	-	-	-	-	-
Less: Payment of Fee for increase in Authorised Capital	-	-	-	-	-
Less: Payment for Buy Back of Shares	-	-	-	-	-
Less: Dividends Paid	-	-	-	-	-
Less: Dividend Distribution Tax	-	-	-	-	-
Less: Bonus Issue	-	-	-	-	-
Balance as at March 31, 2021	-	419.56	-	-	419.56
Changes in accounting policy or prior period errors	-	-	-	-	-
Restated balance at the 1st April 2021	-	419.56	-	-	419.56
Profit for the year	-	586.67	-	-	586.67
Other Comprehensive Income	-	1,006.23	-	-	1,006.23
Remeasurement of Defined Benefit Plans	-	-	-	-	-
Foreign Exchange translation difference	-	-	-	-	-
Total Comprehensive Income for the period	-	1,006.23	-	-	1,006.23
Received during the year	-	-	-	1,386.00	1,386.00
Buy Back of Equity Shares	-	-	-	-	-
Less: Payment of Fee for increase in Authorised Capital	-	-	-	-	-
Less: Payment for Buy Back of Shares	-	-	-	-	-
Less: Dividends Paid	-	-	-	-	-
Less: Dividend Distribution Tax	-	-	-	-	-
Less: Bonus Issue	-	-	-	-	-
Balance as at 31st March 2022	-	1,006.23	-	1,386.00	2,392.23

As per our Report of even date attached

For and on behalf of Board of Directors

For Singhal Sunil & Associates
Chartered Accountants
FRN : 08030N

C/S. Sunil Singhal
Partner
M. No. 086904

Place : New Delhi

Date : 17-05-2022

UDIN: 22086904AJLTJL4920



Mangalhar Hoju Gowda
Director
DIN-08517013

Nanangouda
Hanumanthgouda Patil
Chief Executive Officer

Masood Ahmed
Director
DIN-09008553

Atchannaidu Mandal
Chief Financial Officer

Pradeep Baisoya
Company Secretary



1. Corporate Information

Ircon Davanagere Haveri Highway Limited (IDHHL) is a wholly owned subsidiary of Ircon International Limited domiciled in India and is incorporated under the provisions of companies Act 2013 applicable in India. The company came into existence when, Ircon International Limited has been awarded the work of Six-Laning of Davanagere – Haveri from km 260+000 to km 338+923 of NH-48 (Old NH-4) in the state of Karnataka to be executed as Hybrid Annuity Project on DBOT Annuity Pattern under NHDP Phase – V in accordance with the terms and conditions in the agreement with National Highway Authority of India (NHAI) dated 19-06-2017. In pursuant to the provisions of 'Request for Proposal', the selected bidder 'Ircon International Limited' has formed a Special Purpose Vehicle (SPV) named Ircon Davanagere Haveri Highway Limited (IDHHL) as wholly owned subsidiary and incorporated under Companies Act, 2013 on 11th May 2017. Accordingly, SPV has signed the Concession Agreement with NHAI on 19th June 2017. In terms of the said agreement, IDHHL has an obligation to complete construction of the project of Six laning of Davanagere Haveri section and to keep the project assets in proper working condition including all projects assets whose lives have expired. Total Project cost is Rs 1177 crore (i.e. Bid Project cost). 40% of the Bid Project cost, adjusted for Price Index Multiple, shall and due and payable to the Concessionaire (IDHHL) in 5 equal instalments of 8% each during the construction period. The remaining Bid Project cost, adjusted for Price Index Multiple, shall be due and payable in 30 biannual instalments commencing from the 180th day of COD in accordance with the Provisions of clause 23.6 of the agreement which is Annuity payments during Operation Period. The Project is under Annuity pattern and will be under operation with the IDHHL for 15 years from the Commercial operational Date (COD). The payments of the same, under Annuity model will be payable at the achievement of specific milestone as per the agreement.

NHAI vide its letter dated 19-07-2021 has de-scoped the work on main carriageway of 6.880 Kms ,service road for a length of 49.848 Kms and project facilities (14 Nos. of Bus bays and Bus Shelters, 2 Nos. of Truck Lay Bys and 1 Rest Area) . Accordingly Bid Project cost has been reduced from 1177 crore to Rs 909.21 crore and company has received Provisional Completion certificate with effect from May 28, 2021. The registered office of the company located at C-4, District Centre, Saket, and New Delhi - 110017.

The presentation and functional currency of the company is Indian Rupees (INR). Figures in financial statements are presented in lakhs, by rounding off upto two decimals except for per share data and as otherwise stated.

The standalone financial statements are approved for issue by the company's Board of Directors in their meeting held on 17.05.2022.

2. Significant Accounting Policies

2.1 Basis of preparation

The financial statements of the Company have been prepared in accordance with accounting principles generally accepted in India, including the Indian Accounting Standards (Ind AS) notified under section 133 of the Companies Act, 2013 read together with Rule 3 of the Companies (Indian Accounting Standards) Rules, 2015 (as amended from time to time) and presentation requirements of Division II of Schedule III to the Companies Act, 2013, (Ind AS compliant Schedule III), as applicable to the financial statements.

The financial statements have been prepared on a going concern basis following accrual system of accounting. The Company has adopted the historical cost basis for assets and liabilities, except for the following assets and liabilities which have been measured at fair value:

- Provisions, where the effect of time value of money is material are measured at present value
- Certain financial assets and liabilities measured at fair value
- Defined benefit plans and other long-term employee benefits

2.2 Summary of significant accounting policies



Iron Davanagere Haveri Highway Limited
Notes to financial statements for the year ended March 31, 2022.

A summary of the significant accounting policies applied in the preparation of the financial statements are as given below. These accounting policies have been applied consistently to all periods presented in the financial statements.

2.2.1 Current vs non-current classification

The Company presents assets and liabilities in the balance sheet based on current/ non-current classification.

An asset is treated as current when it is:

- Expected to be realized or intended to be sold or consumed in normal operating cycle
- Held primarily for the purpose of trading
- Expected to be realized within twelve months after the reporting period, or
- Cash or cash equivalent unless restricted from being exchanged or used to settle liability for at least twelve months after the reporting period

The Company classifies all other assets as non-current.

A liability is current when:

- It is expected to be settled in normal operating cycle
- It is held primarily for the purpose of trading
- It is due to be settled within twelve months after the reporting period, or
- There is no unconditional right to defer the settlement of the liability for at least twelve months after the reporting period

The Company classifies all other liabilities as non-current.

Deferred tax assets and liabilities are classified as non-current assets and liabilities.

The operating cycle is the time between the acquisition of assets for processing and their realization in cash and cash equivalents. The Company has identified twelve months as its operating cycle.

2.2.2 Property, plant and equipment

Recognition and Initial Measurement

Property, plant and equipment is recognized when it is probable that future economic benefits associated with the item will flow to the Company and the cost of each item can be measured reliably. Property, plant and equipment are initially stated at their cost.

Cost of asset includes

- a) Purchase price, net of any trade discount and rebates
- b) Borrowing cost if capitalization criteria is met
- c) Cost directly attributable to the acquisition of the assets which incurred in bringing asset to its working condition for the intended use
- d) Incidental expenditure during the construction period is capitalized as part of the indirect construction cost to the extent the expenditure is directly related to construction or is incidental thereto.
- e) Present value of the estimated costs of dismantling & removing the items & restoring the site on which it is located if recognition criteria are met.



Ircon Davanagere Haveri Highway Limited
Notes to financial statements for the year ended March 31, 2022.

Freehold land is carried at historical cost.

Subsequent measurement

Property, plant and equipment are subsequently measured at cost net of accumulated depreciation and accumulated impairment losses, if any. Subsequent expenditure is capitalized if it is probable that future economic benefits associated with the expenditure will flow to the Company and cost of the expenditure can be measured reliably.

Cost of replacement, major inspection, repair of significant parts and borrowing costs for long-term construction projects are capitalized if the recognition criteria are met.

The machinery spares are capitalized if recognition criteria are met.

Depreciation and useful lives

Depreciation on property, plant and equipment, excluding freehold land is provided on straight line basis over the estimated useful lives of the assets as specified in schedule II of the Companies act, 2013.

Particulars	Useful lives (Years)
Building/flats residential/non-residential	60
Plant and Machinery	8-15
Survey instruments	10
Computers	3-6
Office Equipment's	5
Furniture and fixtures	10
Caravans, Camps and temporary shed	3-5
Vehicles	8-10

Depreciation on additions to/deductions from property, plant and equipment during the period is charged on pro-rata basis from/up to the date on which the asset is available for use/disposed

Each part of an item of Property, Plant and Equipment is depreciated separately if the cost of part is significant in relation to the total cost of the item and useful life of that part is different from the useful life of remaining asset.

Property plant and equipment acquired during the period, individually costing up to Rs. 5000/- are fully depreciated, by keeping Re. 1 as token value for identification. However, Mobile phones provided to employees are charged to statement of profit and loss irrespective of its value.

Depreciation methods, useful lives and residual values are reviewed at each financial year-end and adjusted prospectively, if appropriate. "Ordinarily, the residual value of an asset is up to 5% of the original cost of the asset" as specified in Schedule II of the Companies Act, 2013

Derecognition

An item of property, plant and equipment and any significant part initially recognized is derecognized upon disposal or when no future economic benefits are expected from its use or disposal. Any gain or loss arising on derecognition of the asset (calculated as the difference between the net disposal proceeds and the carrying amount of the asset) is included in the statement of profit and loss when the asset is derecognized.

2.2.3 Capital work in progress



Capital work-in-progress represents expenditure incurred in respect of capital projects and are carried at cost less accumulated impairment loss, if any.

2.2.4 Investment properties

Recognition and initial measurement

Investment Property is recognized when it is probable that future economic benefits associated with the property will flow to the company and the cost of property can be measured reliably. Investment property comprises completed property, property under construction and property held under a lease that is held to earn rentals or for capital appreciation or both, rather than for sale in the ordinary course of business or for use in production or administrative functions. Investment properties are measured initially at cost, including transaction costs.

Cost is the amount of cash or cash equivalents paid or the fair value of other consideration given to acquire an asset at the time of its acquisition or construction or, where applicable, the amount attributed to that asset when initially recognized in accordance with the specific requirements of other Ind AS.

Subsequent measurement and depreciation

Investment properties are stated at cost less accumulated depreciation and accumulated impairment loss, if any.

Subsequent cost is added if recognition criteria is met. The Company depreciates building component of investment property on straight line basis over 60 years from the date of original purchase/ completion of construction. Freehold land and property under construction is not depreciated.

Leasehold land acquired on perpetual lease is not amortized.

The residual values, useful lives and methods of depreciation of investment property are reviewed at each financial year end and adjusted prospectively, if appropriate.

Though the Company measures investment property using cost-based measurement, the fair value of investment property is disclosed in the notes. Fair value determined based on an annual evaluation performed by an accredited external independent valuer applying valuation model acceptable internationally.

Derecognition

Investment properties are derecognised either when they have been disposed of or when they are permanently withdrawn from use and no future economic benefit is expected from their disposal. The difference between the net disposal proceeds if any and the carrying amount of the asset is recognised in statement of profit or loss in the period of derecognition.

2.2.5 Intangible assets

Recognition and initial measurement

Intangible assets are recognized when it is probable that the future economic benefits that are attributable to the asset will flow to the Company and cost of the asset can be measured reliably. Intangible assets acquired separately are measured on initial recognition at cost. The cost comprises purchase price, borrowing cost if capitalization criteria are met and directly attributable cost of bringing the asset to its working condition for the intended use. Internally generated intangibles, excluding capitalized development costs, are not capitalized and the related expenditure is reflected in the statement of profit or loss in the period in which the expenditure is incurred. Intangible assets not ready for the intended use on the date of the Balance Sheet are disclosed as "Intangible assets



underdevelopment”

Subsequent measurement and amortization

Following initial recognition, intangible assets are carried at cost less accumulated amortization and accumulated impairment losses, if any. Software cost up to Rs. 1 Lakhs in each case is fully amortized in the period of purchase, by keeping Rs. 1 as token value for identification.

The cost of capitalized software is amortized over a period 36 months from the date of its acquisition.

Amortization on additions to/deductions from Intangible Assets during the period is charged on pro-rata basis from/up to the date on which the asset is available for use/disposed

Amortization methods, useful lives and residual values are reviewed at each reporting period and adjusted prospectively, if appropriate.

Derecognition

An intangible asset shall be derecognized on disposal or when no future economic benefits are expected from its use or disposal. Gains or losses arising from de-recognition of an intangible asset are measured as the difference between the net disposal proceeds if any and the carrying amount of the asset and are recognized in the statement of profit or loss when the asset is de-recognized.

2.2.6 Impairment of non-financial assets

At each reporting date, the Company assesses, whether there is an indication that an asset may be impaired. If any indication exists, or when annual impairment testing for an asset is required, the Company estimates the asset’s recoverable amount. An asset’s recoverable amount is the higher of an asset’s or cash-generating unit’s (CGU) fair value less costs of disposal and its value in use. Recoverable amount is determined for an individual asset, unless the asset does not generate cash inflows that are largely independent of those from other assets or groups of assets. When the carrying amount of an asset or CGU exceeds its recoverable amount, the asset is considered impaired and is written down to its recoverable amount and the impairment loss, including impairment on inventories are recognized in the statement of profit and loss.

In assessing value in use, the estimated future cash flows are discounted to their present value using a pre-tax discount rate that reflects current market assessments of the time value of money and the risks specific to the asset.

For assets excluding goodwill, an assessment is made at each reporting date to determine whether there is an indication that previously recognized impairment losses no longer exist or have decreased. If such indication exists, the Company estimates the asset’s or CGU’s recoverable amount. A previously recognized impairment loss is reversed only if there has been a change in the assumptions used to determine the asset’s recoverable amount since the last impairment loss was recognized. The reversal is limited so that the carrying amount of the asset does not exceed its recoverable amount, nor exceed the carrying amount that would have been determined, net of depreciation, had no impairment loss been recognized for the asset in prior period. Such reversal is recognized in the statement of profit and loss.

2.2.7 Inventories

- a) Inventories (including scrap) are valued at the lower of cost and net realisable value. Cost includes cost of purchase, cost of conversion and other costs incurred in bringing the inventories to their present location and condition. Cost is determined on First in First out (FIFO) basis. Net realisable



value is the estimated selling price in the ordinary course of business, less estimated costs of completion and the estimated costs necessary to make the sale.

- b) Construction work-in-progress is valued at cost till such time the outcome of the job cannot be ascertained reliably and at lower of cost or realizable value thereafter.
- c) The initial contract expenses on new projects for mobilization are recognized as construction work-in-progress in the year of incidence, and pro rata charged to statement of profit and loss of the project over the period at the same percentage as the stage of completion of the contract as at the end of reporting period. Site mobilization expenditure to the extent not written off valued at cost.
- d) In Cost Plus contracts, where the cost of all materials, spares and stores not reimbursable as per the terms of the contract is shown as inventory valued as per (a) above.
- e) Loose tools are expensed in the period of purchase.

2.2.8 Revenue recognition

Service concession arrangement

a) Financial Assets Under Service concession Arrangements (Appendix C to Ind AS 115 – Revenue from Contracts with Customers)

The Company recognise a financial asset to the extent that it has an unconditional contractual right to receive cash or another financial asset from or at the direction of the grantor (“NHAI”) for the construction services and Operation & Maintenance services).

Such financial assets are initially measured at fair value i.e. present value and subsequently at amortized cost using the Effective Interest Rate (EIR) method. Under this method, financial asset will be increased for the financing element and reduced as and when money is received from grantor

Ind AS 115 – Revenue from Contracts with Customers)

The Company recognizes and measures revenue from construction and Operation & Maintenance services) in accordance with *Ind AS -115*“Revenue from Contracts with Customers”

Company combine the two or more contracts entered into at or near the same time with the same customer and account for the contracts as a single contract if contracts are negotiated as a package with a single commercial objective or amount of consideration to be paid in one contract depends on the price or performance of the other contract or goods or services promised in the contracts are single performance obligation.

Transaction price (it does not involve significant financing component) is the price which is contractually agreed with the customer for provision of services. Revenue is measured at the transaction price that is allocated to the performance obligation and it excludes amounts collected on behalf of third parties.i.e GST and is adjusted for variable considerations

The nature of Company’s contract gives rise to several types of variable consideration including escalation and liquidated damages.

Any subsequent change in the transaction price is then allocated to the performance obligations in the contract on the same basis as at contract inception



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The Company recognizes revenue for variable consideration when it is probable that a significant reversal in the amount cumulative revenue recognized will not occur. The company estimates the amount of revenue to be recognized on variable consideration using most likely amount method.

Consequently, amounts allocated to a satisfied performance obligation are recognized as revenue, or as a reduction of revenue, in the period in which the transaction price changes.

The company satisfies a performance obligation and recognizes the revenue overtime, if any of the following criteria is met:

- a) The customer simultaneously receives and consumes the benefits provided by the entity's performance as the entity perform
- b) The entity's performance creates or enhances an asset (for example, work in progress) that the customer controls as the asset is created or enhanced or
- c) The entity's performance does not create an asset with an alternative use to the entity and the entity has an enforceable right to payment for performance completed to date.

For performance obligation satisfied over time, the revenue recognition is done by measuring the progress, using percentage completion method, towards complete satisfaction of performance obligation. The progress is measured in terms of a proportion of actual cost incurred to-date, to the total estimated cost attributable to the performance obligation. However, where the Company is not be able to reasonably measure the outcome of a performance obligation, but the Company expects to recover the costs incurred in satisfying the performance obligation, the Company recognise revenue only to the extent of the costs incurred until such time that it can reasonably measure the outcome of the performance obligation. A Cumulative catch up adjustment would be recognized in the period in which entity is able to reasonably measure its progress.

Performance obligation is measured by applying input method. In the contracts where performance obligation cannot be measured by input method, the output method is applied, which faithfully depict the Company's performance towards complete satisfaction of the performance obligation.

Contract modifications are accounted for when additions, deletions or changes are approved either to the contract scope or contract price.

The accounting for modifications of contracts involves assessing whether the services added to the existing contract are distinct and whether the pricing is at the standalone selling price. Services added that are not distinct are accounted for on a cumulative catch up basis, while those that are distinct are accounted for prospectively, either as a separate contract, if additional services are priced at the standalone selling price, or as a termination of existing contract and creation of a new contract if not priced at the standalone selling price.

Contract balances

Contract assets: A contract asset is the right to consideration in exchange for goods or services transferred to the customer. If the Company performs by transferring goods or services to a customer before the customer pays consideration or before payment is due, a contract asset is recognized for the earned consideration that is conditional

Trade receivables: A receivable represents the Company's right to an amount of consideration that is unconditional (i.e., only the passage of time is required before payment of the consideration is due). Refer to accounting policies of financial assets in section (XX) Financial instruments – initial recognition and subsequent measurement.



Contract liabilities A contract liability is the obligation to transfer goods or services to a customer for which the Company has received consideration (or an amount of consideration is due) from the customer. If a customer pays consideration before the Company transfers goods or services to the customer, a contract liability is recognized when the payment is made, or the payment is due (whichever is earlier). Contract liabilities are recognized as revenue when the Company performs under the contract.

Other income

Dividend income is recognized when the right to receive payment is established.

Interest income is recognized using Effective Interest rate method.

Miscellaneous income is recognized when performance obligation is satisfied and right to receive the income is established as per terms of contract.

2.2.9 Borrowing cost

Borrowing costs consist of interest and other costs that the Company incurs in connection with the borrowing of funds. Borrowing costs directly attributable to the acquisition, construction or production of an asset that necessarily takes a substantial period to get ready for its intended use or sale are capitalized as part of the cost of the asset. All other borrowing costs are charged to statement of profit and loss as incurred. Borrowing cost also includes exchange differences to the extent regarded as an adjustment to the borrowing costs.

2.2.10 Taxes

a) Current income Tax

Current income tax assets and liabilities are measured at the amount expected to be recovered from or paid to the taxation authorities in accordance with relevant tax regulations. Current tax is determined as the tax payable in respect of taxable income for the period and is computed in accordance with relevant tax regulations. Current income tax is recognized in statement of profit and loss except to the extent it relates to items recognised outside profit or loss in which case it is recognized outside profit or loss (either in other comprehensive income or in equity). Current tax items are recognised in correlation to the underlying transaction either in OCI or directly in equity. Management periodically evaluates positions taken in the tax returns with respect to situations in which applicable tax regulations are subject to interpretation and establishes provisions where appropriate.

Current tax assets and tax liabilities are offset where the entity has a legally enforceable right to offset and intends either to settle on a net basis, or to realize the asset and settle the liability simultaneously.

b) Deferred Tax

Deferred tax is provided using the liability method on temporary differences between the tax bases of assets and liabilities and their carrying amounts for financial reporting purposes at the reporting date.

Deferred tax assets and liabilities are measured at the tax rates that are expected to apply in the period when the asset is realised or the liability is settled, based on tax rates (and tax laws) that have been enacted or substantively enacted at the reporting date.



Deferred tax is recognized in statement of profit and loss except to the extent it relates to items recognised outside profit or loss, in which case is recognised outside profit or loss (either in other comprehensive income or in equity). Deferred tax items are recognised in correlation to the underlying transaction either in OCI or directly in equity.

The carrying amount of deferred tax assets is reviewed at each reporting date and reduced to the extent that it is no longer probable that sufficient taxable profit will be available to allow all or part of the deferred tax asset to be utilised. Unrecognised deferred tax assets are re-assessed at each reporting date and are recognised to the extent that it has become probable that future taxable profit will allow the deferred tax asset to be recovered.

Deferred tax assets and liabilities are offset when there is a legally enforceable right to offset current tax assets and liabilities and when the deferred tax balances relate to the same taxation authority.

2.2.11 Foreign currencies

- **Functional and presentation currency**

Items included in the financial statements are measured using the currency of the primary economic environment in which the entity operates (“the functional currency”). The financial statements are presented in Indian Rupees which is also the functional and presentation currency of the Company.

- **Transactions and balances**

Foreign currency transactions are recorded in the functional currency, by applying the exchange rate between the functional currency and the foreign currency at the date of the transaction.

Foreign currency monetary items outstanding at the reporting date are converted to functional currency using the closing rate (Closing selling rates for liabilities and closing buying rate for assets). Non-monetary items denominated in a foreign currency which are carried at historical cost are reported using the exchange rate at the date of the transactions.

Exchange differences arising on settlement of monetary items, or restatement as at reporting date, at rates different from those at which they were initially recorded, are recognized in the statement of profit and loss in the period in which they arise. These exchange differences are presented in the statement of profit and loss on net basis.

2.2.12 Employee benefit

- a) Short-term employee benefits**

Employee benefits such as salaries, short term compensated absences, and Performance Related Pay (PRP) falling due wholly within twelve months of rendering the service are classified as short-term employee benefits and undiscounted amount of such benefits are expensed in the statement of profit and loss in in the period in which the employee renders the related services.

- b) Post-employment benefits and Other Long term Employee Benefits**

The Post employee benefits & other long term Employee Benefits are provided by Ircon International Limited, the Holding Company, as the employees are on the deputation from the Holding Company.



2.2.13 Cash and cash equivalents

Cash and cash equivalent include cash on hand, cash at banks and short-term deposits with original maturities of three months or less that are readily convertible to known amounts of cash and which are subject to an insignificant risk of change in value.

For the purpose of the statement of cash flows, cash and cash equivalents consist of unrestricted cash and short-term deposits, as defined above as they are considered an integral part of the Company's cash management.

2.2.14 Dividend

Annual Dividend distribution to the Company's equity shareholders is recognized as liability in the period in which dividend is approved by the shareholders. Any interim dividend is recognized as liability on approval by the Board of Directors. Dividend payable and corresponding tax on dividend distribution, if any, is recognized directly in equity.

2.2.15 Provisions, contingent assets and contingent liabilities

a) Provisions

Provisions are recognised when the Company has a present obligation (legal or constructive) as a result of a past event, it is probable that an outflow of resources embodying economic benefits will be required to settle the obligation and a reliable estimate can be made of the amount of the obligation. The amount recognized as a provision is the best estimate of the consideration required to settle the present obligation at the end of the reporting period, considering the risk and uncertainties surrounding the obligation.

If the effect of the time value of money is material, provisions are discounted using a current pre-tax rate that reflects, when appropriate, the risks specific to the liability. When discounting is used, the increase in the provision due to the passage of time is recognised as a finance cost.

b) Onerous contracts

An onerous contract is a contract under which the unavoidable costs (i.e., the costs that the Company cannot avoid because it has the contract) of meeting the obligations under the contract exceed the economic benefits expected to be received under it. The unavoidable costs under a contract reflect the least net cost of exiting from the contract, which is the lower of the cost of fulfilling it and any compensation or penalties arising from failure to fulfil it. If the Company has a contract that is onerous, the present obligation under the contract is recognised and measured as a provision. However, before a separate provision for an onerous contract is established, the Company recognises any impairment loss that has occurred on assets dedicated to that contract.

These estimates are reviewed at each reporting date and adjusted to reflect the current best estimates.

c) Contingent liabilities

Contingent liabilities are disclosed when there is a possible obligation or present obligations that may but probably will not, require an outflow of resources embodying economic benefits or the amount of such obligation cannot be measured reliably. When there is possible obligation or a



present obligation in respect of which likelihood of outflow of resources embodying economic benefits is remote, no provision or disclosure is made.

These are reviewed at each balance sheet date and adjusted to reflect the current best estimates.

d) Contingent assets

Contingent assets are not recognized though are disclosed, where an inflow of economic benefits is probable.

2.2.16 Leases

The Company assesses at contract inception whether a contract is, or contains, a lease. That is, if the contract conveys the right to control the use of an identified asset for a period in exchange for consideration.

a) Company as a lessee

The Company applies a single recognition and measurement approach for all leases, except for short-term leases and leases of low-value assets. The Company recognizes lease liabilities to make lease payments and right-of-use assets representing the right to use the underlying assets.

i) Right-of-use assets

The Company recognizes right-of-use assets at the commencement date of the lease (i.e., the date the underlying asset is available for use). Right-of-use assets are measured at cost, less any accumulated depreciation and impairment losses, and adjusted for any re-measurement of lease liabilities. The cost of right-of-use assets includes the amount of lease liabilities recognised, initial direct costs incurred, and lease payments made at or before the commencement date less any lease incentives received. Right-of-use assets are depreciated on a straight-line basis over the shorter of the lease term and the estimated useful lives of the assets.

Leasehold land acquired on perpetual lease is not amortized.

If ownership of the leased asset transfers to the Company at the end of the lease term or the cost reflects the exercise of a purchase option, depreciation is calculated using the estimated useful life of the asset.

The right-of-use assets are also subject to impairment.

ii) Lease liabilities

At the commencement date of the lease, the Company recognizes lease liabilities measured at the present value of lease payments to be made over the lease term. The lease payments include fixed payments (including in substance fixed payments) less any lease incentives receivable, variable lease payments that depend on an index or a rate, and amounts expected to be paid under residual value guarantees. The lease payments also include the exercise price of a purchase option reasonably certain to be exercised by the Company and payments of penalties for terminating the lease, if the lease term reflects the Company exercising the option to terminate. Variable lease payments that do not depend on an index or a rate are recognised as expenses (unless they are incurred to produce inventories) in the period in which the event or condition that triggers the payment occurs.



In calculating the present value of lease payments, the Company uses its incremental borrowing rate at the lease commencement date because the interest rate implicit in the lease is not readily determinable. After the commencement date, the amount of lease liabilities is increased to reflect the accretion of interest and reduced for the lease payments made. In addition, the carrying amount of lease liabilities is re-measured if there is a modification, a change in the lease term, a change in the lease payments (e.g., changes to future payments resulting from a change in an index or rate used to determine such lease payments) or a change in the assessment of an option to purchase the underlying asset.

The Company's lease liabilities are included in financial liabilities

iii) **Short term lease and leases of low value assets**

The Company applies the short-term lease recognition exemption to its short-term leases contracts including lease of residential premises and offices (i.e., those leases that have a lease term of 12 months or less from the commencement date and do not contain a purchase option). It also applies the lease of low-value assets recognition exemption to leases of office equipment that are considered to be low value. Lease payments on short-term leases and leases of low-value assets are recognised as expense on a straight-line basis over the lease term.

b) **Company as a lessor**

Leases in which the Company does not transfer substantially all the risks and rewards incidental to ownership of an asset are classified as operating leases. Rental income arising is accounted for on a straight-line basis over the lease terms and is included in revenue in the statement of profit or loss due to its operating nature. Initial direct costs incurred in negotiating and arranging an operating lease are added to the carrying amount of the leased asset and recognised over the lease term on the same basis as rental income. Contingent rents are recognised as revenue in the period in which they are earned.

2.2.17 Financial instruments

A financial instrument is any contract that gives rise to a financial asset of one entity and a financial liability or equity instrument of another entity.

a) **Financial assets**

Initial recognition and measurement

All Financial assets are recognised initially at fair value plus or minus transaction cost that are directly attributable to the acquisition or issue of financial assets (other than financial assets at fair value through profit and loss). Transaction costs directly attributable to the acquisition of financial assets or financial liabilities at fair value through profit or loss are recognised immediately in statement of profit and loss.

Subsequent measurement

For purposes of subsequent measurement, financial assets are classified in four categories:

• **Debt instruments at amortised cost**

A 'debt instrument' is measured at the amortised cost if both the following conditions are met:

a. The asset is held within a business model whose objective is to hold assets for collecting contractual cash flows, and



b. Contractual terms of the asset give rise on specified dates to cash flows that are solely payments of principal and interest (SPPI) on the principal amount outstanding.

After initial measurement, such financial assets are subsequently measured at amortised cost using the effective interest rate (EIR) method. Amortised cost is calculated by taking into account any discount or premium on acquisition and fees or costs that are an integral part of the EIR. The EIR amortisation is included in finance income in the profit or loss. The losses arising from impairment are recognised in the profit or loss. This category generally applies to trade and other receivables.

- **Debt instruments at FVTOCI**

A 'debt instrument' is classified as at the FVTOCI if both of the following criteria are met:

- a. The objective of the business model is achieved both by collecting contractual cash flows and selling the financial assets, and
- b. Contractual terms of the asset give rise on specified dates to cash flows that are solely payments of principal and interest (SPPI) on the principal amount outstanding.

Debt instruments included within the FVTOCI category are measured initially as well as at each reporting date at fair value. Fair value movements are recognized in the other comprehensive income (OCI). However, the Company recognizes interest income, impairment losses & reversals and foreign exchange gain or loss in the statement of profit and loss. On derecognition of the asset, cumulative gain or loss previously recognised in OCI is reclassified from the equity to statement of profit and loss. Interest earned whilst holding FVTOCI debt instrument is reported as interest income in statement of profit and loss using the EIR method.

- **Debt instruments at FVTPL**

FVTPL is a residual category for debt instruments. Any debt instrument, which does not meet the criteria for categorization as at amortized cost or as FVTOCI, is classified as at FVTPL.

Debt instruments included within the FVTPL category are measured at fair value with all changes recognized in the statement of profit and loss.

- **Equity instruments**

All equity investments in scope of Ind AS 109 are measured at fair value. Equity instruments which are held for trading classified as at FVTPL. For all other equity instruments, the Company may make an irrevocable election to present in other comprehensive income subsequent changes in the fair value. The Company makes such election on an instrument-by-instrument basis. The classification is made on initial recognition and is irrevocable.

If the Company decides to classify an equity instrument as at FVTOCI, then all fair value changes on the instrument, excluding dividends, are recognized in the OCI. There is no recycling of the amounts from OCI to statement of profit and loss, even on sale of investment. However, the Company may transfer the cumulative gain or loss within equity.

Equity instruments included within the FVTPL category are measured at fair value with all changes recognized in the Statement of profit and loss.

Impairment of financial assets

ECL is the difference between all contractual cash flows that are due to the Company in accordance with the contract and all the cash flows that the entity expects to receive (i.e., all cash shortfalls), discounted at the original EIR.



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In accordance with Ind AS 109, the Company applies expected credit loss (ECL) model for measurement and recognition of impairment loss on the following financial assets and credit risk exposure:

- a. Financial assets that are debt instruments, and are measured at amortised cost e.g., loans, debt securities, deposits, trade receivables and bank balance
- b. Financial assets that are debt instruments and are measured as at FVTOCI
- c. Lease receivables under Ind AS 116
- d. Trade receivables or any contractual right to receive cash or another financial asset that result from transactions that are within the scope of Ind AS 115
- e. Loan commitments which are not measured as at FVTPL
- f. Financial guarantee contracts which are not measured as at FVTPL

The Company follows 'simplified approach' for recognition of impairment loss allowance on:

- Trade receivables or contract revenue receivables; and
- All lease receivables resulting from transactions within the scope of Ind AS 116

The application of simplified approach does not require the Company to track changes in credit risk. Rather, it recognises impairment loss allowance based on lifetime ECLs at each reporting date, right from its initial recognition.

For recognition of impairment loss on other financial assets and risk exposure, the Company determines that whether there has been a significant increase in the credit risk since initial recognition. If credit risk has not increased significantly, 12-month ECL is used to provide for impairment loss. However, if credit risk has increased significantly, lifetime ECL is used. If, in a subsequent period, credit quality of the instrument improves such that there is no longer a significant increase in credit risk since initial recognition, then the entity reverts to recognising impairment loss allowance based on 12-month ECL.

Lifetime ECL are the expected credit losses resulting from all possible default events over the expected life of a financial asset. The 12-month ECL is a portion of the lifetime ECL which results from default events that are possible within 12 months after the reporting date.

ECL impairment loss allowance (or reversal) recognized during the period is recognized as income/ expense in the statement of profit and loss. This amount is reflected under the head 'other expenses' in the statement of profit and loss. The balance sheet presentation for various financial instruments is described below:

- Financial assets measured as at amortised cost, contractual revenue receivables and lease receivables: ECL is presented as an allowance, i.e., as an integral part of the measurement of those assets in the balance sheet. The allowance reduces the net carrying amount. Until the asset meets write-off criteria, the Company does not reduce impairment allowance from the gross carrying amount.
- Loan commitments and financial guarantee contracts: ECL is presented as a provision in the balance sheet, i.e. as a liability.
- Debt instruments measured at FVTOCI: For debt instruments measured at FVOCI, the expected credit losses do not reduce the carrying amount in the balance sheet, which remains at fair value. Instead, an amount equal to the allowance that would arise if the asset was measured at amortised cost is recognised in other comprehensive income as the 'accumulated impairment amount'

The Company does not have any purchased or originated credit-impaired (POCI) financial



assets, i.e., financial assets which are credit impaired on purchase/ origination.

Derecognition of financial assets

A financial asset (or, where applicable, a part of a financial asset or part of a group of similar financial assets) is derecognized only when the contractual rights to the cash flows from the asset expires or it transfers the financial assets and substantially all risks and rewards of the ownership of the asset.

The difference between the carrying amount and the amount of consideration received / receivable is recognised in the statement of profit and loss.

b) Financial liabilities

Initial recognition and measurement

All financial liabilities are recognised initially at fair value and, in the case of loans and borrowings and payables, net of directly attributable transaction costs.

The Company's financial liabilities include trade and other payables, loans and borrowings other financial liabilities etc.

Subsequent measurement

The measurement of financial liabilities depends on their classification, as described below:

- **Financial liabilities at fair value through profit or loss**

The company has not designated any financial liabilities at FVTPL.

- **Financial liabilities at amortized cost**

Loans, borrowings, trade payables and other financial liabilities

After initial recognition, Loans, borrowings, trade payables and other financial liabilities are subsequently measured at amortised cost using the EIR method. Gains and losses are recognised in statement of profit or loss when the liabilities are de-recognised as well as through the EIR amortisation process. Amortised cost is calculated by taking into account any discount or premium on acquisition and fees or costs that are an integral part of the EIR. The EIR amortisation is included as finance costs in the statement of profit and loss.

Derecognition of financial liabilities

A financial liability is derecognised when the obligation under the liability is discharged or cancelled or expires. When an existing financial liability is replaced by another from the same lender on substantially different terms, or the terms of an existing liability are substantially modified, such an exchange or modification is treated as the derecognition of the original liability and the recognition of a new liability. The difference in the respective carrying amounts is recognised in the statement of profit and loss.

c) Financial guarantee contracts

Financial guarantee contracts issued by the Company are those contracts that require a payment to be made to reimburse the holder for a loss it incurs because the specified debtor fails to make a payment when due in accordance with the terms of a debt instrument. Financial guarantee contracts are recognised initially as a liability at fair value, adjusted for transaction costs that



are directly attributable to the issuance of the guarantee. Subsequently, the liability is measured at the higher of the amount of loss allowance determined as per impairment requirements of Ind AS 109 and the amount recognised less cumulative amortisation.

d) Reclassification of financial assets

The Company determines classification of financial assets and liabilities on initial recognition. After initial recognition, no reclassification is made for financial assets which are equity instruments and financial liabilities. For financial assets which are debt instruments, a reclassification is made only if there is a change in the business model for managing those assets. Changes to the business model are expected to be infrequent. Such changes are evident to external parties. A change in the business model occurs when the Company either begins or ceases to perform an activity that is significant to its operations. If the Company reclassifies financial assets, it applies the reclassification prospectively from the reclassification date which is the first day of the immediately next reporting period following the change in business model. The Company does not restate any previously recognised gains, losses (including impairment gains or losses) or interest.

e) Offsetting of financial instruments

Financial assets and financial liabilities are offset, and the net amount is reported in the balance sheet if there is a currently enforceable contractual legal right to offset the recognised amounts and there is an intention to settle on a net basis, to realise the assets and settle the liabilities simultaneously.

2.2.18 Fair value measurement

The Company measures financial instruments at fair value at each reporting period.

Fair value is the price that would be received to sell an asset or paid to transfer a liability in an orderly transaction between market participants at the measurement date. The fair value measurement is based on the presumption that the transaction to sell the asset or transfer the liability takes place either:

- In the principal market for the asset or liability, or
 - In the absence of a principal market, in the most advantageous market for the asset or liability
- The principal or the most advantageous market must be accessible by the Company.

The fair value of an asset or a liability is measured using the assumptions that market participants would use when pricing the asset or liability, assuming that market participants act in their economic best interest.

A fair value measurement of a non-financial asset takes into account a market participant's ability to generate economic benefits by using the asset in its highest and best use or by selling it to another market participant that would use the asset in its highest and best use.

The Company uses valuation techniques that are appropriate in the circumstances and for which sufficient data are available to measure fair value, maximising the use of relevant observable inputs and minimising the use of unobservable inputs.

All assets and liabilities for which fair value is measured or disclosed in the financial statements are categorised within the fair value hierarchy, described as follows, based on the lowest level input that is significant to the fair value measurement as a whole:

- Level 1 — Quoted (unadjusted) market prices in active markets for identical assets or liabilities



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- Level 2 — Valuation techniques for which the lowest level input that is significant to the fair value measurement is directly or indirectly observable
- Level 3 — Valuation techniques for which the lowest level input that is significant to the fair value measurement is unobservable

For assets and liabilities that are recognised in the financial statements on a recurring basis, the Company determines whether transfers have occurred between levels in the hierarchy by re-assessing categorisation (based on the lowest level input that is significant to the fair value measurement as a whole) at the end of each reporting period.

External valuers are involved for valuation of significant assets and liabilities, if any. At each reporting date, the Company analyses the movements in the values of assets and liabilities which are required to be remeasured or re-assessed as per the Company's accounting policies.

For the purpose of fair value disclosures, the Company has determined classes of assets and liabilities on the basis of the nature, characteristics and risks of the asset or liability and the level of the fair value hierarchy as explained above.

Above is the summary of accounting policy for fair value. Other fair value related disclosures are given in the relevant notes.

2.2.19 Non – current asset held for sale

Non-current assets (or disposal groups) are classified as assets held for sale when their carrying amount is to be recovered principally through a sale transaction and a sale is considered highly probable. The sale is considered highly probable only when the asset or disposal group is available for immediate sale in its present condition, it is unlikely that the sale will be withdrawn, and sale is expected within one year from the date of the classification. Disposal groups classified as held for sale are stated at the lower of carrying amount and fair value less costs to sell. Property, plant and equipment, investment property and intangible assets are not depreciated or amortized once classified as held for sale. Assets classified as held for sale/distribution are presented separately in the balance sheet.

If the criteria stated by IND AS 105 “Non-current Assets Held for Sale” are no longer met, the disposal group ceases to be classified as held for sale. Non-current asset that ceases to be classified as held for sale are measured at the lower of (i) its carrying amount before the asset was classified as held for sale, adjusted for depreciation that would have been recognized had that asset not been classified as held for sale, and (ii) its recoverable amount at the date when the disposal group ceases to be classified as held for sale. The depreciation reversal adjustment related property, plant and equipment, investment property and intangible assets is charged to statement of profit and loss in the period when non-current assets held for sale criteria are no longer met.

2.2.20 Prior Period Adjustment

Errors/omissions discovered in the current year relating to prior periods are treated as immaterial and adjusted during the current year, if all such errors and omissions in aggregate does not exceed 0.50% of total operating revenue as per last audited financial statement of the Company.

2.2.21 Significant accounting estimates and judgments

The estimates used in the preparation of the said financial statements are continuously evaluated by the Company and are based on historical experience and various other assumptions and factors (including expectations of future events) that the Company believes to be reasonable under the



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existing circumstances. The said estimates are based on the facts and events, that existed as at the reporting date, or that occurred after that date but provide additional evidence about conditions existing as at the reporting date. Although the Company regularly assesses these estimates, actual results could differ materially from these estimates - even if the assumptions underlying such estimates were reasonable when made, if these results differ from historical experience or other assumptions do not turn out to be substantially accurate. The changes in estimates are recognized in the financial statements in the period in which they become known.

The key assumptions concerning the future and other key sources of estimation uncertainty at the reporting date, that have a significant risk of causing a material adjustment to the carrying amounts of assets and liabilities within the next financial year, are described below. Actual results could differ from these estimates.

a. Allowances for uncollected trade receivables

Trade receivables do not carry interest and are stated at their nominal values as reduced by appropriate allowances for estimated irrecoverable amount are based on ageing of the receivables balances and historical experiences. Individual trade receivables are written off when management deems not be collectible.

b. Contingencies

In the normal course of business, contingent liabilities may arise from litigation and other claims against the Company. There are certain obligations which managements have concluded based on all available facts and circumstances are not probable of payment or difficult to quantify reliably and such obligations are treated as contingent liabilities and disclosed in notes. Although there can be no assurance of the final outcome of legal proceedings in which the Company is involved, it is not expected that such contingencies will have material effect on its financial position of probability.

c. Impairment of financial assets

The impairment provision for financial assets are based on assumptions about risk of default and expected loss rates. The company uses judgement in making these assumptions and selecting the inputs to the impairment calculation, based on the Company's past history, existing market conditions as well as forward looking estimates at the end of each reporting period.

d. Taxes

Uncertainties exist with respect to the interpretation of complex tax regulations, changes in tax laws, and the amount and timing of future taxable income. Given the nature of business differences arising between the actual results and the assumptions made, or future changes to such assumptions, could necessitate future adjustments to tax income and expense already recorded. The Company establishes provisions, based on reasonable estimates. The amount of such provisions is based on various factors, such as experience of previous tax audits and differing interpretations of tax regulations by the taxable entity and the responsible tax authority. Such differences of interpretation may arise on a wide variety of issues depending on the conditions prevailing in the respective domicile of the companies.

Deferred tax assets are recognized for unused tax losses to the extent that it is probable that taxable profit will be available against which the losses can be utilised. Significant management judgement is required to determine the amount of deferred tax assets that can be recognised, based upon the likely timing and the level of future taxable profits together with future tax planning strategies.

e. Impairment of non financial assets



Impairment exists when the carrying value of an asset or cash generating unit exceeds its recoverable amount, which is the higher of its fair value less costs of disposal and its value in use. The fair value less costs of disposal calculation is based on available data from binding sales transactions, conducted at arm's length, for similar assets or observable market prices less incremental costs for disposing of the asset. The value in use calculation is based on a DCF model.

- f. Determining the lease term of contracts with renewal and termination options – Company as lessee

The Company determines the lease term as the non-cancellable term of the lease, together with any periods covered by an option to extend the lease if it is reasonably certain to be exercised, or any periods covered by an option to terminate the lease, if it is reasonably certain not to be exercised.

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The Company has lease contracts that include extension and termination options. The Company applies judgement in evaluating whether it is reasonably certain whether or not to exercise the option to renew or terminate the lease. That is, it considers all relevant factors that create an economic incentive for it to exercise either the renewal or termination. After the commencement date, the Company reassesses the lease term if there is a significant event or change in circumstances that is within its control and affects its ability to exercise or not to exercise the option to renew or to terminate (e.g., construction of significant leasehold improvements or significant customisation to the leased asset).

- g. Revenue recognition

The Company recognizes revenue for a performance obligation satisfied over time after reasonably estimating its progress towards complete satisfaction of the performance obligation.

The recognition of revenue requires assessments and judgments to be made on changes in work scope, claims (compensation, rebates etc.) and other payments to the extent performance obligation is satisfied and they are probable and are capable of being reasonably measured. For the purpose of making estimates for claims, the company used the available contractual and historical information.



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Notes to the Financial Statements for the year ended 31st March 2022

3 Property, Plant and Equipment

(Rs. in Lacs)

Particulars	Computers	Total
<u>Gross Carrying Amount (At Cost)</u>		
At 1 April 2020	0.42	0.42
Additions	-	-
Disposals/Adjustments	-	-
Exchange Gain/ Loss	-	-
At 31st March 2021	0.42	0.42
Additions	0.45	0.45
Disposals/Adjustments	-	-
Exchange Gain/ Loss	-	-
At 31st March 2022	0.87	0.87
<u>Depreciation and impairment</u>		
At 1 April 2020	0.12	0.12
Depreciation charge for the year	0.13	0.13
Impairment		-
Disposals/Adjustments		-
Exchange Gain/ Loss		
At 31st March 2021	0.25	0.25
Depreciation charge for the year	0.24	0.24
Impairment		
Disposals/Adjustments		
Exchange Gain/ Loss		
At 31st March 2022	0.49	0.49
<u>Net book value</u>		
At 31st March 2022	0.38	0.38
At 31st March 2021	0.17	0.17



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Notes to the Financial Statements for the year ended 31st March 2022

4 Other Financial Assets

(Rs. in Lacs)

Particulars	As at 31st March 2022	As at 31st March 2021
<u>Contract Assets Considered Good</u>		
Financial Asset- Construction Contract	45,962.46	38,542.80
<u>Others</u>		
Security Deposits	34.06	25.47
Total - Other Financial Assets	45,996.52	38,568.27

Foot Notes:-

1. Financial Assets - Construction contract is the Highway being made by IDHHL under Hybrid Annuity Model (HAM) (Refer Note 23)



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Notes to the Financial Statements for the year ended 31st March 2022

5 Deferred Tax Assets and Income Tax

Disclosure pursuant to Ind AS 12 "Income Taxes"

(a) The major components of income tax expense for the year ended 31st March 2022 and 31 March 2021 are:

S.No.	Particulars	(Rs. in Laacs)	
		For the Year ended	
		31st March 2022	31 March 2021
1	Profit and Loss Section		
	Current income tax:		
	Current income tax charge	247.35	15.20
	Adjustment in respect of current tax of previous year	-	(0.01)
	Deferred tax:		
	Relating to origination and reversal of tempo-tax differences	6.88	6.88
	Income tax expense reported in the Profit and Loss section	250.23	22.13
2	Other Comprehensive Income (OCI) Section		
	Income tax related to items recognised in OCI during the year:		
	Net loss/(gain) on remeasurements of defined benefit plans	-	-
	Net loss/(gain) on foreign operation translation	-	-
	Income tax expense reported in the OCI section	-	-

(b) Reconciliation of tax expense and the accounting profit multiplied by India's domestic tax rate for 31st March 2022 and 31 March 2021:

S.No.	Particulars	(Rs. in Laacs)	
		For the Year ended	
		31st March 2022	31 March 2021
1	Accounting profit before income tax	836.90	86.87
2	Corporate tax rate as per Income tax Act, 1961	25.168%	25.168%
3	Tax on Accounting profit (3) = (1) * (2)	210.63	21.86
4	Effect of Tax Adjustments		
(i)	Adjustments in respect of current income tax of previous years	-	(0.01)
(ii)	Utilisation of previously unrecognised tax losses	-	-
(iii)	Impact of Rate Difference	-	-
(iv)	Tax on Income exempt from tax	-	-
(v)	Non-deductible expenses for tax purposes:	-	-
	- Other country additional tax	-	-
	- Other non-deductible expenses	-	-
(vi)	Tax effect of various other items	29.60	0.28
5	Income tax expense reported in the Statement of Profit and Loss	250.23	22.13
6	Effective Tax Rate	29.90%	25.47%

(c) Components of deferred tax (assets) and liabilities recognised in the Balance Sheet and Statement of Profit or Loss

S.No.	Particulars	(Rs. in Laacs)			
		Balance sheet		Statement of Profit or Loss	
		31st March 2022	31 March 2021	31st March 2022	31 March 2021
1	Property, Plant & Equipment (including intangible): Difference in book depreciation and income tax depreciation	-	-	-	0.01
2	Provisions	-	-	-	-
3	Items disallowed u/s 43B of Income Tax Act, 1961	-	-	-	-
4	Impact of expenditure charged to the statement of profit and loss in the current year and earlier years but allowable for tax purposes on payment basis	-	-	-	-
5	Fair valuation of financial instruments	-	-	-	-
6	Unutilised gain/loss on FVTOCI equity securities and FVTPL Mutual funds	-	-	-	-
7	Others	-	6.88	(6.88)	(6.88)
	Net deferred tax assets/(liabilities)	-	6.88	(6.88)	(6.88)

(d) Reflected in the balance sheet as follows:

S.No.	Particulars	(Rs. in Laacs)	
		31st March 2022	31 March 2021
1	Deferred tax assets	-	6.88
2	Deferred tax liability	-	-
	Deferred Tax Asset/(Liabilities) (Net)	-	6.88

Note: Deferred tax assets and deferred tax liabilities have been offset as they relate to the same governing laws.

(e) Reconciliation of deferred tax (liabilities)/assets:

As at 31 March 2022		(Rs. in Laacs)			
S.No.	Particulars	Balance As at 1st April 2021 (Net)	Recognised in statement of profit and loss	Recognised in OCI	Balance As at 31st March, 2022 (Net)
1	Property, Plant & Equipment (including intangible): Difference in book depreciation and income tax depreciation	-	0.00	-	-
2	Provisions	-	-	-	-
3	Items disallowed u/s 43B of Income Tax Act, 1961	-	-	-	-
4	Impact of expenditure charged to the statement of profit and loss in the current year and earlier years but allowable for tax purposes on payment basis	-	-	-	-
5	Fair valuation of financial instruments	-	-	-	-
6	Unutilised gain/loss on FVTOCI equity securities and FVTPL Mutual funds	-	-	-	-
7	Others- Pre incorporation Expenditure	6.88	(6.88)	-	-
	Net deferred tax assets/(liabilities)	6.88	(6.88)	-	-

As at 31 March 2021		(Rs. in Laacs)			
S.No.	Particulars	Balance As at 1st April 2020 (Net)	Recognised in statement of profit and loss	Recognised in OCI	Balance As at 31st March, 2021 (Net)
1	Property, Plant & Equipment (including intangible): Difference in book depreciation and income tax depreciation	(0.01)	0.01	-	-
2	Provisions	-	-	-	-
3	Items disallowed u/s 43B of Income Tax Act, 1961	-	-	-	-
4	Impact of expenditure charged to the statement of profit and loss in the current year and earlier years but allowable for tax purposes on payment basis	-	-	-	-
5	Fair valuation of financial instruments	-	-	-	-
6	Unutilised gain/loss on FVTOCI equity securities and FVTPL Mutual funds	-	-	-	-
7	Others- Pre incorporation Expenditure	13.27	(6.88)	-	6.88
	Net deferred tax assets/(liabilities)	(3.76)	(6.88)	-	6.88



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Notes to the Financial Statements for the year ended 31st March 2022

Financial Assets

6.1 Trade Receivables

(Rs. in Lacs)

Particulars	As at 31st March 2022	As at 31st March 2021
Trade Receivables		
Secured Considered good		
Unsecured Considered good	3,446.88	4,182.91
Trade Receivables which have significant increase in credit risk		
Trade receivables- Credit impaired		
Impairment Allowance (Allowance for bad and doubtful debts)		
Unsecured Considered good		
Trade Receivables which have significant increase in credit risk		
Trade receivables- Credit impaired		
Total	3,446.88	4,182.91

Trade Receivable Ageing Schedule (As on 31st March 2022)

(Rs. in Lacs)

Particulars	Unbilled	Not Due	Outstanding for the year ended March 31, 2022 from the due date of payment					Total
			Less than 6 months	6 months - 1 year	1-2 years	2-3 years	More than 3 years	
			(i) Undisputed Trade receivables – considered good			1003.04	0	
(ii) Undisputed Trade Receivables – which have significant increase in credit risk								
(iii) Undisputed Trade Receivables – credit impaired								
(iv) Disputed Trade Receivables considered good								
(v) Disputed Trade Receivables - which have significant increase in credit risk								
(vi) Disputed Trade Receivables – credit impaired								

As on 31st March 2021-

Particulars	Unbilled	Not Due	Outstanding for the year ended March 31, 2021 from the due date of payment					Total
			Less than 6 months	6 months - 1 year	1-2 years	2-3 years	More than 3 years	
			(i) Undisputed Trade receivables – considered good			3,475.66	-	
(ii) Undisputed Trade Receivables – which have significant increase in credit risk								
(iii) Undisputed Trade Receivables – credit impaired								
(iv) Disputed Trade Receivables considered good								
(v) Disputed Trade Receivables - which have significant increase in credit risk								
(vi) Disputed Trade Receivables – credit impaired								



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Cash and Cash equivalents

(Rs. in Lacs)

Particulars	As at 31st March 2022	As at 31st March 2021
Cash in hand	-	-
Balances with banks:		
Earmarked Funds		
– On current accounts	509.87	1,398.07
– Flexi Accounts	-	-
– Flexi Deposits with original maturity of less than 3 months**	-	143.00
Total	509.87	1,541.07

6.3 Bank Balances other than Cash and Cash equivalent

(Rs. in Lacs)

Particulars	As at 31st March 2022	As at 31st March 2021
Other Bank Balances		
– Deposits with original maturity of more than 3 months but less than 12 months	2,646.00	2,646.00
Total	2,646.00	2,646.00

6.4 Other Financial Assets

(Rs. in Lacs)

Particulars	As at 31st March 2022	As at 31st March 2021
a) Considered Good		
Security Deposits		
– Others	0.63	0.63
Interest Accrued on FDR	-	0.19
Other Recoverable	0.38	0.42
Contract Assets:		
Financial Asset- Construction Contract	2,403.97	7,836.52
Interest Recoverable on Financial Assets	1,769.73	
Total - Other Financial Assets - Good	4,174.71	7,837.76
Grand Total - Other Financial Others	4,174.71	7,837.76

Foot Notes:-

Financial Assets - Construction contract is the Highway being made by IDPL under Hybrid Annuity Model (HAM) (Refer Note 23)



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Notes to the Financial Statements for the year ended 31st March 2022

7 Current Tax Assets (Net)

(Rs. in Laacs)

Particulars	As at 31st March 2022	As at 31st March 2021
Taxes Paid including TDS & Advance Tax (Net of Provision for Tax)	199.18	518.27
Current tax Assets (Net)	199.18	518.27

8 Other Current Assets

(Rs. in Laacs)

Particulars	As at 31st March 2022	As at 31st March 2021
Unsecured : considered good		
a) Advances Other than Capital Advances		
Advances to Contractors against material and machinery	-	-
Advances to Contractors, Suppliers and Others - Related Party	-	-
Advance Recoverable from:		
- Sales Tax (including TDS)		
Less : Deposited under Protest		
- Value Added Tax		
- Goods & Services Tax	4,926.10	4,721.28
- Service Tax input credit		
Interest Accrued on Income Tax Refund	-	20.46
Total - Advances Other than Capital Advances	4,926.10	4,741.74
b) Others		
Prepaid Expenses	37.42	1.92
Total - Others	37.42	1.92
c) Interest Accrued but not due		
On Mobilisation advance to IRCON	-	-
d) Considered Doubtful		
Advances to Contractors, Suppliers and Others	-	-
Sales Tax (including TDS)	-	-
Others	-	-
Value Added Tax	-	-
Less: Impairment allowance for doubtful advances	-	-
Total - Interest Accrued but not due	-	-
Grand Total	4,963.52	4,743.66



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Notes to the Financial Statements for the period ended 31st March 2022

9 Equity Share capital

(Rs. in Laacs)

Particulars	As at 31st March 2022	As at 31st March 2021
Authorised share capital		
21,70,50,000 Equity shares of Rs.10 each	21,705.00	21,705.00
	21,705.00	21,705.00
Issued/Subscribed and Paid up Capital		
17,30,00,000 Equity shares of Rs 10 each-fully paid	17,300.00	16,405.00
Total	17,300.00	16,405.00

Promoter's shareholding

As at March 31, 2022

Particulars	Shares held by Promoter at the end of the period / year				% change during the period / year
	S.No	Promoter Name*	No. of shares	% of total shares	
1	Ircon International Limited- Holding Company (IRCON)	17,30,00,000	100.00%	5.46%	

As at March 31, 2021

Particulars	Shares held by Promoter at the end of the period / year				% change during the period / year
	S.No	Promoter Name*	No. of shares	% of total shares	
1	Ircon International Limited- Holding Company (IRCON)	16,40,50,000	100.00%	0.00%	

Details of shareholders holding in the company

Name of the shareholder	As at 31st March 2022		As at 31st March 2021	
	No. of Share	% holding in the class	No. of Share	% holding in the class
Ircon International Limited- Holding Company (IRCON)	17,30,00,000	100	16,40,50,000	100
Total	17,30,00,000	100	16,40,50,000	100

Aggregate no. of equity shares issued as bonus, shares issued for consideration other than cash and shares bought back during the period of five years immediately preceding the reporting date

Particulars	As at 31st March 2022	31 March 2021	31 March 2020	31 March 2019	As at 31 March 2018
	No. of Share	No. of Share	No. of Share	No. of Share	No. of Share
Equity shares allotted other than cash	-	-	-	-	-
Equity shares issued as bonus shares	-	-	-	-	-
Equity shares Buy Back	-	-	-	-	-
Total	-	-	-	-	-

Terms / Rights attached to Equity Shares :

(a) Voting :

The Company has only one class of equity shares having a par value of Rs.10 per share. Each holder of equity share is entitled to one vote per share.

(b) Liquidation :

In the event of liquidation of the Company, the holders of equity shares will be entitled to receive remaining assets of the Company, after distribution of all preferential amounts. The distribution will be in proportion to the number of equity shares held by the shareholders.

(c) Dividend :

The dividend proposed by the Board of Directors is subject to the approval of the shareholders in ensuing Annual General Meeting

Reconciliation of the number of equity shares and share capital outstanding at the beginning and at the end of the year

(Rs. in Laacs)

Particulars	As at 31st March 2022		As at 31st March 2021	
	No of shares	Rs in Laacs	No of shares	Rs in Laacs
Issued/Subscribed and Paid up equity Capital outstanding at the beginning of the year	16,40,50,000	16,405.00	16,40,50,000	16,405.00
Add: Shares Issued during the year	89,50,000	895.00	-	-
Less: Shares Buy Back during the year	-	-	-	-
Issued/Subscribed and Paid up equity Capital outstanding at the end of the year	17,30,00,000	17,300.00	16,40,50,000	16,405.00



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10 Other Equity

(Rs. in Lacs)

Particulars	As at 31st March 2022	As at 31st March 2021
(a) Retained Earnings		
Opening Balance	419.56	354.82
Add: Transfer from surplus in statement of profit and loss	586.67	64.74
Closing Balance	1,006.23	419.56
(b) Quasi Equity (Loan From Ircon)		
Opening Balance	-	-
Received During the year	1,386.00	-
Closing Balance	1,386.00	-
(c) Capital Redemption Reserve		
Opening Balance	-	-
Add: Transfer for Buy Back of Equity Shares	-	-
Closing Balance		
(d) Items of other comprehensive income		
Opening Balance		
Foreign Currency Translation (net of tax)	-	-
Closing Balance		
Grand Total	2,392.23	419.56

Nature and Purpose of Other Reserves:

(a) Retained Earnings

Retained Earnings represents the undistributed profits of the Company.



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11 Financial Liabilities (Non Current)

11.1 Borrowings

Particulars	(Rs. in Lacs)	
	As at 31st March 2022	As at 31st March 2021
Secured:		
Loan from Bank		
#Loan from Punjab National Bank**	32,528.65	31,209.15
Un-Secured:		
Loan from Holding Company(Ircon International Limited)*	3,876.00	2,646.00
Total	36,404.65	33,855.15

#The Company has applied term loan for the purpose for which loans were obtained

Notes :

Un-Secured Loans

* **Terms & Conditions of Loan from Holding Company(Ircon International Limited)**

1. Sanction :- 26.46 Crores

- (i) Interest rate to be charged on loan shall be at SBI one year MCLR rate prevailing from time to time plus 0.50%
- (ii) Duration of the Loan Disbursement would be a period of 6 month from the date of signing this agreement.
- (iii) Unsecured loan shall be repaid in 2.5 years starting after 12 years from COD in structured half yearly instalments.
- (iv) Interest to be calculated on monthly rest basis and payable in half yearly instalments.

2. Sanction :- 25.00 Crores

- (i) Interest rate to be charged on the loan shall be at PNB 1-month MCLR + 0.25% (as applicable from time to time).
- (ii) Duration of Loan Disbursement would be a period of 1 year from the date of signing of agreement.
- (iii) Unsecured Loan shall be repaid in 2.5 years starting after 12 years from COD or repayment of full term loan of senior lender, whichever is earlier in structured half-yearly instalments.
- (iv) Interest to be calculated on monthly rest basis.

**** Terms & Conditions of Loan from Punjab National Bank**

Sanction :- 502.76 Crores

- (i) Interest rate to be charged on loan shall be at 1 Month MCLR (6.70%-Sep2021)+0.30% i.e. 7.00% p.a. presently subject to change from time to time.
- (ii) Repayment period will be 10 years and 6 months (Starting w.e.f 24.04.2021 and last instalment on 24.07.2021)
- (iii) Term loan shall be repaid in 42 Quarterly instalments starting from 24th April 2021.
- (iv) Interest shall be paid as and when due.
- (v) Term Loan to be backed by unconditional & irrevocable corporate guarantee of M/s Ircon International Limited (rated CARE AAA) upto receipt of 1st annuity from NHAI or COD plus 180 days whichever is later
- (vi) The loan shall be secured by-
 - (a) First charge by way of hypothecation of all fixed asset/ movable assets of the company (Other than project assets: Except those acquired out of the free flow of the company in operation phase) and being informed from time to time to lender.
 - (b) First charge on the book debts of the project, Operating cash flow, Receivables, Commission, Revenues of whatsoever nature and wherever arising, Present and future intangibles, goodwill and uncalled capital (Present and future).
 - (c) A first charge on projects bank account, including but not limited to the escrow account opened in designated bank, where all cash inflow from the project shall be deposited and proceeds shall be utilised in a manner and priority to be decided by lender and investors.
 - (d) Assignment of all company's rights and interest under all the agreement related to project, letter of credit (if any), and guarantee and performance bond provided by any party for any contract related to the project in favor of borrower.
 - (e) Substitution agreement executed by authority on behalf of lender for the facility.
 - (f) Assignment of all applicable insurance policies.
 - (g) Company is not required to submit any quarterly statement as per sanctioned terms

11.2 Other Financial Liabilities

Particulars	(Rs. in Lacs)	
	As at 31st March 2022	As at 31st March 2021
Deposits, Retention money and Money Withheld	12.19	-
Total	12.19	-

12 Financial Liabilities (Current)

12.1 Borrowings

Particulars	(Rs. in Lacs)	
	As at 31st March 2022	As at 31st March 2021
Secured		
Loan from Bank		
#Current maturities of long-term debt	1,884.00	1,884.00
Total	1,884.00	1,884.00

#The Company has applied term loan for the purpose for which loans were obtained and for terms & condition refer 11.1



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12.2 Trade Payables

(Rs. in Lacs)

Particulars	As at 31st March 2022	As at 31st March 2021
Micro, Small & Medium Enterprises (Refer Note no. 31)		
Others:		
(a) Contractor & Suppliers	-	-
(b) Related Parties	3,612.41	5,656.61
Total	3,612.41	5,656.61

Trade payables Ageing Schedule

Particulars	Unbilled	Not Due	Outstanding for the year ended March 31, 2022 from the due date of payment				Total
			Less than 1 year	1-2 year	2-3 years	More than 3 years	
Total outstanding dues of micro enterprises and small enterprises							
Total outstanding dues of creditors other than micro enterprises and small enterprises			1,670.36	1,235.85	706.20	-	3,612.41
Disputed dues of micro enterprises and small enterprises							
Disputed dues of creditors other than micro enterprises and small enterprises							

Particulars	Unbilled	Not Due	Outstanding for the year ended March 31, 2021 from the due date of payment				Total
			Less than 1 year	1-2 year	2-3 years	More than 3 years	
Total outstanding dues of micro enterprises and small enterprises							
Total outstanding dues of creditors other than micro enterprises and small enterprises			4,950.41	706.20			5,656.61
Disputed dues of micro enterprises and small enterprises							
Disputed dues of creditors other than micro enterprises and small enterprises							

13 Other Financial Liabilities

(Rs. in Lacs)

Particulars	As at 31st March 2022	As at 31st March 2021
Interest accrued on Borrowings*	-	223.45
Interest Payable on Advance from Client	-	-
Other Payables (including Staff Payable)	103.86	1,452.85
Total	103.86	1,676.30

*Please refer Note- 11.1 for details

14 Other Current Liabilities

(Rs. in Lacs)

Particulars	As at 31st March 2022	As at 31st March 2021
a) Contract Liability		
Advance from clients	-	-
- Less: Deposits under protest	-	-
Advance contract receipts	-	-
b) Others		
Statutory dues	70.36	148.37
Total	70.36	148.37

Note

a) Statutory dues includes liability for Goods and Service Tax (GST) and other statutory dues.

14(A) Provisions

(Rs. in Lacs)

Particulars	Amount
Provision for Onerous Contract*	
As at 01-April 2021	
Current	-
Non Current	-
Provision made during the year	157.36
Less: Utilized during the year	-
Less: Write Back During the year	-
(Exchange Gain)/Loss	-
Unwinding of Discount	-
As at 31-March 2022	157.36
Current	157.36
Non Current	-

*The company has a contract where total contract cost exceeds the total contract revenue. In such situation as per Ind AS 115 and Ind AS 37, The company has to provide these losses. The provision is based on the estimate made by the management.



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15 Revenue from operations

Particulars	(Rs. in Lacs)	
	For the period ended 31st March 2022	For the period ended 31st March 2021
Construction Contract revenue under SCA (Refer Note 23)	797.76	19,306.31
Other Revenue - Other Operating Revenue	-	-
Total	797.76	19,306.31

16 Other Income

Particulars	(Rs. in Lacs)	
	For the period ended 31st March 2022	For the period ended 31st March 2021
Interest Income :		
Interest income earned on mobilisation advances		
Bank Interest Gross	79.53	36.52
Interest on Income Tax Refund	-	52.85
Interest on Staff Advance	-	0.05
Other Miscellaneous Income	3.14	
Interest Income On FA	3,690.65	
Total	3,773.32	89.42



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17 Project and Other Expenses

(Rs. in Lacs)

Particulars	Foot Note	Project Expenses		Other Expenses	
		For the period ended 31st March 2022	For the year ended 31st March 2021	For the period ended 31st March 2022	For the year ended 31st March 2021
Work Expenses		507.35	16,345.35	-	-
Operation and Maintenance Expenditure		122.94	-	-	-
Inspection, Geo Technical Investigation & Survey Exp. Etc.		80.65	136.24	-	-
Repairs and Maintenance of Machinery		-	-	-	-
Rent - Non-residential		0.47	2.73	6.52	-
Power, Electrics and Water charges		14.75	7.43	-	-
Insurance		19.72	54.75	40.14	-
Travelling & conveyance		-	0.19	0.49	-
Printing & stationery		0.06	0.09	0.14	-
Postage, telephone & telex		0.15	-	-	-
Legal & Professional charges		0.03	9.86	7.86	0.24
Business promotion		-	-	-	-
Write-off of -		-	-	-	-
- Bad debts		-	-	-	-
- Bad advances		-	-	-	-
- Bad assets		-	-	0.04	-
Loss on sale of Assets/Stores		-	-	-	-
Auditors remuneration	(i)	-	-	1.38	1.25
Advertisement & publicity		-	-	1.42	-
Training & Recruitment		-	-	-	0.15
Miscellaneous expenses		-	0.05	0.56	-
Corporate Overheads		-	-	-	-
Provisions (Addition - Write Back) (Refer Note 16)		-	-	-	-
Provisions Utilised		157.36	-	-	-
Total		903.48	16,556.69	58.55	1.49

(i) Payment to Statutory Auditors:

(Rs. in Lacs)

Particulars	For the period ended 31st March 2022	For the year ended 31st March 2021
(a) Audit Fee - current year	0.75	0.65
(b) Limited Review Fees	0.40	0.30
(c) Tax Audit Fees - current year	0.23	0.15
(d) Certification Fees	-	-
Total	1.38	1.25

18 Employee Remuneration and Benefits

(Rs. in Lacs)

Particulars	Foot Note	For the period ended 31st March 2022			For the year ended 31st March 2021		
		Operating	Other (Administrative)	Total	Operating	Other (Administrative)	Total
Salaries, wages and bonus		51.99	-	51.99	37.46	-	37.46
Contribution to provident and other funds		5.04	-	5.04	3.67	-	3.67
Foreign service contribution		-	-	-	-	-	-
Retirement Benefits		6.02	-	6.02	3.33	-	3.33
Staff Welfare		0.08	-	0.08	-	-	-
Total		63.13	-	63.13	44.46	-	44.46

19 Finance Cost

(Rs. in Lacs)

Particulars	Foot Note	For the period ended 31st March 2022	For the year ended 31st March 2021
Interest Expense (Loan from IRCON)		208.93	1,869.68
Other Borrowing Cost		-	-
Interest on Bank Loan(PNB)		2,498.67	658.88
Bank Guarantee & Other Charges		1.18	139.84
Interest cost on mobilisation advance from clients		-	97.33
Less -Interest income earned on mobilisation advances		-	36.63
Interest On TDS		-	1.06
Total		2,708.78	2,706.09

20 Depreciation, amortization and impairment

(Rs. in Lacs)

Particulars	Foot Note	For the period ended 31st March 2022	For the year ended 31st March 2021
Property, Plant and equipment		0.24	0.13
Total		0.24	0.13



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21 Earnings Per Share

Disclosure as per Ind AS 33 'Earnings per share'

Basic EPS is calculated by dividing the profit for the year attributable to equity holders by the weighted average number of equity shares outstanding during the year.

Diluted EPS is calculated by dividing the profit for the period attributable to the equity holders after considering the effect of dilution by weighted average number of equity shares outstanding during the period plus the weighted average number of equity shares that would be issued on conversion of all the dilutive potential equity shares into equity shares.

(i) Basic and diluted earnings per share (in Rs.)

Particulars	Note	For the period ended 31st March 2022	For the year ended 31st March 2021
Profit attributable to Equity holders (Rs. in lacs)	(ii)	586.67	64.74
Weighted average number of equity shares for Basic and Diluted EPS	(iii)	167784137	164050000
Earnings per share (Basic)		0.35	0.04
Earnings per share (Diluted)		0.35	0.04
Face value per share		10.00	10.00

(ii) Profit attributable to equity shareholders (used as numerator) (Rs. in lacs)

Particulars	For the period ended 31st March 2022	For the year ended 31st March 2021
Profit for the year as per Statement of Profit and Loss	586.67	64.74
Profit attributable to Equity holders of the company used for computing EPS:	586.67	64.74

(iii) Weighted average number of equity shares (used as denominator) (Nos.)

Particulars	For the period ended 31st March 2022	For the year ended 31st March 2021
Opening balance of issued equity shares	164050000	16,40,50,000
Equity shares issued during the year	3734137	-
Weighted average number of equity shares for computing Basic EPS	167784137	16,40,50,000
Dilution Effect:		
Add: Weighted average numbers of potential equity shares outstanding during the year		
Weighted average number of equity shares for computing Diluted EPS	167784137	16,40,50,000



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22 Related Party Disclosures

Disclosure as per Ind AS 24 'Related Party Disclosures' are as under:

a) List of Related Parties

(i) Holding company

Iron International Limited

(ii) Key Management Personnel (KMP)

Name	Designation
Mr. Ashok Kumar Goyal (w.e.f. 11th May 2017)	Directors from IRCON
Mr Surajit Dutta (w.e.f 5th Sep, 2019 to 31st March, 2022)	Directors from IRCON
Mr. Shyam Lal Gupta (w.e.f 1st November, 2019 to 13th May, 2021)	Directors from IRCON
Yogesh Kumar Mishra (w.e.f 13th May, 2021 to 1st October 2021)	Directors from IRCON
Masood Ahmed (w.e.f. 2nd August, 2021)	Directors from IRCON
Mugunthan Boju Gowda (w.e.f 1st April, 2022)	Directors from IRCON
Parag Verma (w.e.f 29th December, 2021)	Directors from IRCON
Ritu Arora (w.e.f 13th May, 2021)	Directors from IRCON
Mr. Nagangouda Hanumanthgouda Patil (w.e.f 18th July, 2018)	Chief Executive Officer
Ms. Kratika Gupta (w.e.f 19th August 2020 to 1st July, 2021)	Chief Financial Officer
Mr. Mahadeb Mandal (w.e.f 1st July, 2021)	Chief Financial Officer
Ms. Pooja Rastogi (w.e.f 1st April, 2019 to 31st March, 2022)	Company Secretary

b) Transactions with other related parties are as follows:

(Rs. in Lacs)

Nature of transaction	Name of related party	Nature of relationship	For the period ended 31st March 2022	For the period ended 31st March 2021
1) Reimbursement expenses			16.26	17.62
2) Works Contract			507.35	16,345.35
3) Rent Expense (inclusive of GST)			2.97	2.73
4) Interest on Loan			208.93	1,869.68
5) Interest On Mobilization Advance- Income	Iron International Limited	Holding Company	-	60.70
6) Investment in Equity Shares			895.00	-
7) Quasi Equity			1,386.00	-
8) Loans			1,230.00	8,396.00
9) Other payables			3,612.41	5,656.61

c) Outstanding balances with the related parties are as follows:

Nature of transaction	Name of related party	Nature of relationship	As at 31st March 2022	As at 31st March 2021
Balance Payable as on reporting date	Iron International Limited	Holding Company	3,612.41	5,656.61

(d) Remuneration to Key management personnel are as under:

(Rs. in Laes)

S.No	Particulars	During the Period upto 31-3-2022	During the Period upto 31-03-2021
1	Short term employee benefits	51.99	37.46
2	Post employment benefits	5.04	3.67
3	Sitting fee	-	-
4	Other long-term employee benefits	6.02	3.33
5	Staff Welfare	0.08	-
	TOTAL	63.13	44.46

(e) Terms and conditions of transactions with related parties

(i) Transactions with related parties are made on terms equivalent to those that prevail in arm's length transactions.

(ii) Outstanding balances of related parties at the reporting date are unsecured and settlement occurs through banking transactions. These balances are interest free.



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23 Service Concession Arrangements

Public to private service concession arrangements are recorded in accordance with Appendix "C"- Service Concession Arrangements (Ind AS-115). Appendix "C" is applicable if:

- a) The Grantor controls or regulates which services the operator should provide with the infrastructure, to whom it must provide them, and at what price; and
- b) The Grantor controls- through ownership, beneficial entitlement, or otherwise- any significant residual interest in the infrastructure at the end of the term of the arrangement.

If both of the above conditions are met simultaneously, a financial asset is recognized to the extent that the operator has an unconditional contractual right to receive cash or other financial asset from or at the discretion of the Grantor for the service.

These financial assets are initially recognized at cost, which is understood as the fair value of the service provided plus other direct costs directly attributable to the operation. They are then stated at amortized cost at the end of each financial year.

Ironcon Davanagere Haveri Highway Limited (IDHHL) has entered into service concession arrangement with National Highway Authority of India (NHAI) dated 19-06-2017, in terms of which NHAI (the grantor) has authorized the company for development, maintenance and management of National Highway No. 48 (Old NH-4) including the section from Km 260.00 to Km 338.923 (approx. 78.923 Km) on Davanagere - Haveri Section of National Highway No. 48 (Old NH-4) in the State of Karnataka by six-laning thereof on design, build, finance, operate and transfer basis. In terms of the said agreement IDHHL has an obligation to complete construction of the project of Six laning of Davanagere Haveri section and to keep the project assets in proper working condition including all projects assets whose lives have expired. The Project is under Annuity pattern.

The Concession period shall be 15 years commencing from the appointed date. At the end of the concession period, the assets will be transferred back to National Highway Authority of India (NHAI).

In case of material breach in terms of agreement the NHAI and IronconDHHL have right to terminate the agreement if they are not able to cure the event of default in accordance with such agreement.

Company has recognized financial asset of Rs.48,366.43 Lakhs under service concession agreement upto the period ended 31st March 2022 after taking into account the receivables due from NHAI on completion of milestone as per terms of the contract. The company has recognised revenue of Rs 797.76 Lacs for the period ended on 31st March 2022 on construction of Road under SCA and Operation Revenue as per Ind AS - 115 related to "Revenue from Customers". The company has recognized receivable under service concession arrangement and shown under Other Financial current Assets which it will receive as per terms of the contract based on the completion of milestone, as on 31st March 2022. Company has received Provisional Completion certificate with effect from May 28, 2021.

Disclosure in terms of Appendix D of Ind AS 115

In terms of the disclosure required in Appendix D in Ind AS -115 Revenue from Customers, as notified in the companies (Indian Accounting Standard) rules 2016, the amount considered in the financial statements up to the balance sheet date are as follows:-

(Rs. in Lacs)

Particulars	For the year ended 31st March, 2022	For the year ended 31st March, 2021
Contract Revenue Recognized	797.76	19,306.31
Aggregate amount of cost incurred	1,316.28	19,306.31
Amount of advance received from Client	-	-
Amount of retention by Client	-	-
Profit/(Loss) recognised during the period for exchange of construction service for a financial asset	(518.52)	-
Gross amount due from Client for Contract Works	3,446.88	4,182.91



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24 A. Fair Value Measurements

a) Financial instruments by category

Particulars	As at 31st March 2022			As at 31st March 2021		
	FVTPL	FVTOCI	Amortised Cost	FVTPL	FVTOCI	Amortised Cost
Financial Assets						
(i) Investments						
(ii) Loans			50,171.23			46,406.03
(iii) Other Financial Assets			50,171.23			46,406.03
Financial Liabilities						
(i) Borrowings			38,288.65			35,739.15
(ii) Other Financial Liabilities			116.05			1,676.30
Total			38,404.70			37,415.45

b) Fair value hierarchy

Financial assets and financial liabilities are measured at fair value in these financial statement and are grouped into three levels of a fair value hierarchy. The three Levels are defined based on the observability of significant inputs to the measurement, as follows:

Level 1: Quoted prices (unadjusted) in active markets for identical assets or liabilities

Level 2: Inputs other than quoted prices included within Level 1 that are observable for the asset or liability, either directly or indirectly

Level 3: Unobservable inputs for the asset or liability

c) The carrying values and fair values of financial instruments by categories as at 31 March, 2022 are as follows:

Particulars	Carrying Value	Fair Value		
		Level 1	Level 2	Level 3
Financial Assets at Fair Value Through Profit and Loss ('FVTPL')				
Investment in Mutual Funds	-	-	-	-
Total				
Financial Assets at Amortized Cost				
(i) Investments	-	-	-	-
(ii) Loans	-	-	-	-
(iii) Other Financial Assets	50,171.23	-	-	50,171.23
Total	50,171.23			50,171.23

Particulars	Carrying Value	Fair Value		
		Level 1	Level 2	Level 3
Financial Liabilities at Amortized Cost				
(i) Borrowings	38,288.65	-	-	38,288.65
(ii) Other Financial Liabilities	116.05	-	-	116.05
Total	38,404.70			38,404.70

b) The carrying values and fair values of financial instruments by categories as at 31 March, 2021 are as follows:

Particulars	Carrying Value	Fair Value		
		Level 1	Level 2	Level 3
Financial Assets at Fair Value Through Profit and Loss ('FVTPL')				
Investment in Mutual Funds	-	-	-	-
Total				
Financial Assets at Amortized Cost				
(i) Investments	-	-	-	-
Investments in Tax Free Bonds	-	-	-	-
(ii) Loans	-	-	-	-
(iii) Other Financial Assets	46,406.03	-	-	46,406.03
Total	46,406.03			46,406.03

Particulars	Carrying Value	Fair Value		
		Level 1	Level 2	Level 3
Financial Liabilities at Amortized Cost				
(i) Borrowings	35,739.15	-	-	35,739.15
(ii) Other Financial Liabilities	1,676.30	-	-	1,676.30
Total	37,415.45			37,415.45

The management assessed that cash and cash equivalents, trade receivables, trade payables and other current financial liabilities approximate their carrying amounts largely due to the short-term maturities of these instruments.

The fair value of the financial assets and liabilities is included at the amount at which the instrument could be exchanged in a current transaction between willing parties. The following methods and assumptions were used to estimate the fair values:

(i) The fair value of investments in mutual fund units is based on the Net Asset Value ('NAV') as stated by the issuers of these mutual fund units in the published statements as at Balance Sheet date. NAV represents the price at which the issuer will issue further units of mutual fund and the price at which issuers will redeem such units from the investors.

(ii) Long term variable rate borrowings are evaluated by company on parameters such as interest rates, specific country risk factors and other risk factors. Based on this evaluation the fair value of such payables are not materially different from their carrying amount.

* During the financial year 2021-22 and 2020-21, there were no transfers between Level 1, Level 2 and Level 3 fair value measurements.



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B. Financial Risk Management

The Company's principal financial liabilities borrowing and other financial liabilities. The Company's principal financial assets include cash and cash equivalents and recoverable from NHAI that derive directly from its operations. The Company's activities expose it to some of the financial risks: market risk, credit risk and liquidity risk.

a) Market Risk

Market risk is the risk that the fair value of future cash flows of a financial instruments will fluctuate because of changes in market prices. Market risk comprises Foreign currency risk and Interest rate risk. Financial instruments affected by market risk includes borrowings, trade receivables, trade payable and other non derivative financial instruments.

(i) Interest Rate Risk

Interest rate risk is the risk that the fair value of future cash flows of a financial instruments will fluctuate because of change in market interest rate. The company manages its interest risk in accordance with the companies policies and risk objective. Financial instruments affected by interest rate risk includes deposits with banks. Interest rate risk on these financial instruments are very low as interest rate is fixed for the period of financial instruments.

b) Credit Risk

The Company's customer is NHAI under Ministry of Road Transport and Highways. Accordingly, the Company's customer credit risk is low. The Company's average project execution cycle is around 24 to 36 months. General payment terms include mobilisation advance, monthly progress payments with a credit period ranging from 45 to 60 days and certain retention money to be released at the end of the project. In some cases retentions are substituted with bank / corporate guarantees. The Company has a detailed review mechanism of overdue customer receivables at various levels within organisation to ensure proper attention and focus for realisation.

Trade and other receivable

The Company's exposure to credit risk is influenced mainly by the individual characteristics of each customer. The demographics of the customer, including the default risk of the industry and country in which the customer operates, also has an influence on credit risk assessment.

(i) Exposure to Credit Risk

Particulars	31-03-2022	31-03-2021
Financial Assets for which allowance is measured using Lifetime Expected Credit Losses (LECL)		
Non Current Loans		
Other Non Current Financial Assets	45,996.52	38,568.27
Current Investments	-	-
Cash and Cash Equivalents	509.87	1,541.07
Other Bank Balances	2,646.00	2,646.00
Current Loans	-	-
Other Current Financial Assets	4,174.71	7,837.76
Financial Assets for which allowance is measured using Simplified Approach		
Trade Receivables	3,446.88	4,182.91
Contract Assets	-	-

(ii) Provision for expected credit losses

No impairment loss has been recognised during the reporting period.

(iii) Reconciliation of impairment loss provisions

Particulars	31-03-2022	31-03-2021
Opening Allowances	-	-
Impairment loss recognised during the period	-	-
Amount written-off during the period	-	-
Total	-	-

No significant changes in estimation techniques or assumptions were made during the reporting period. During the year, the Company has recognised loss allowance of Rs. Nil Lakhs (31 March, 2021 - Rs. Nil Lakhs).

c) Liquidity risk

The Company manages liquidity risk by maintaining sufficient cash and marketable securities and by having access to funding through an adequate amount of committed credit lines. The treasury department regularly monitors the position of Cash and Cash Equivalents vis-a-vis projections. Assessment of maturity profiles of financial assets and financial liabilities and maintenance of Balance Sheet liquidity ratios are considered while reviewing the liquidity position.

The Company's investment policy and strategy are focused on preservation of capital and supporting the Company's liquidity requirements. The senior Management of the Company oversees its investment strategy and achieve its investment objectives. The policy requires investments generally to be investment grade, with the primary objective of minimising the potential risk of principal loss.

The table below provides details regarding the significant financial liabilities as at 31 March 2022 and 31 March 2021

Particulars	(Rs. in Laacs)		
	As on 31 March, 2022		
	Less than 1 Year	1-2 years	2 Years and above
Borrowings	1,884.00	2,512.00	30,016.65
Trade payables	3,612.41	-	-
Other financial liabilities	116.05	-	-

Particulars	As on 31 March, 2021		
	Less than 1 Year	1-2 years	2 Years and above
Borrowings	1,884.00	1,884.00	29,325.15
Trade payables	5,656.61	-	-
Other financial liabilities	1,676.30	-	-

d) Excessive risk concentration

Concentrations arise when a number of counterparties are engaged in similar business activities, or activities in the same geographical region, or have economic features that would cause their ability to meet contractual obligations to be similarly affected by changes in economic, political or other conditions. Concentrations indicate the relative sensitivity of the Company's performance to developments affecting a particular industry.

In order to avoid excessive concentrations of risk, the Company's policies and procedures include specific guidelines to focus on the maintenance of a diversified portfolio. Identified concentrations of credit risks are controlled and managed accordingly.



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The following table gives details in respect of revenues generated from top five projects.

Particulars	For the year ended	
	31-03-2022	31-03-2021
Revenue from top 5 Projects	797.76	19,306.31
	797.76	19,306.31

C. Capital Management

The Company objective to manage its capital in a manner to ensure and safeguard their ability to continue as a going concern so that the Company can continue to provide maximum returns to shareholders and benefit to other stakeholders. The Company has paid dividend as per the guidelines issued by Department of Investment and Public Asset Management (DIPAM) as follows :-

Particulars	(Rs. in Lacs)	
	31-Mar-22	31-Mar-21
Dividend Paid	-	-
Total	-	-

Further, the Company manages its capital structure to make adjustments in light of changes in economic conditions and the requirements of the financial covenants.

Company has taken a term loan during the FY 2021-22 Rs 1230.00 Lacs (Previous Year Rs 2,646 Lacs) from its holding company to finance its project.
Company has taken a term loan during the FY 2021-22 Rs 3203.69 Lacs (Previous Year Rs 33093.15 Lacs) from Punjab National Bank to finance its project.

Particulars	(Rs. in Lacs)	
	31-Mar-22	31-Mar-21
Borrowings (Note No. 11)	38,288.65	35,739.15
Long Term Debt	38,288.65	35,739.15
Equity (Note No. 9)	17,300.00	16,405.00
Other Equity (Note No. 10)	2,392.23	419.56
Total Equity	19,692.23	16,824.56
Debt Equity Ratio	1.94	2.12



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25 Contingent liabilities and Contingent Assets:

(I) Contingent Liabilities:

- (a) Claims against the company not acknowledge as debt: Rs. NIL (Previous Year NIL).
 (b) Guarantees excluding financial guarantee: Nil (Previous Year Rs. Nil Lacs)

(II) Contingent Assets: Rs. NIL (Previous Year NIL).

26 I. Commitments:

a) Estimated amount of contracts remaining to be executed on capital account and other is Nil (Previous year Nil)

b) Other Commitments: 26415.99 Lakhs (Previous Year Rs. 26682.60 Lacs)

II. Segment Reporting:

(i) General Information

Operating segments are defined as components of an enterprise for which discrete financial information is available which is being evaluated regularly by the Chief Operating Decision Maker (CODM) in deciding how to allocate resources and assessing performance. The Board of Directors of the Company is the Chief Operating Decision Maker (CODM). The Company is engaged in the business of infrastructure development in the state of Maharashtra and the Chief Operating Decision Maker (CODM) monitors the operating results of the business as a single segment, hence no separate segment needs to be disclosed in accordance with the requirements of Ind AS 108.

(ii) Information about geographical information

As the Company operates in a single geographical segment i.e. India hence no separate geographical segment is disclosed.

(iii) Information about major customer

Revenue of Rs. 797.76 Lakhs are derived from a single customer i.e. NHAI which is more than 10% of the Company's total revenue.

III. Interest in other Entities: Rs. NIL (Previous Year NIL).

27 .Disclosure regarding Leases:

(a) Company as a Lessee

The Company has no leasing arrangement which are non-cancellable in nature. Accordingly, no right of use assets and lease liabilities have been recognised by the Company.

The Company has taken Office on lease with lease terms of 12 months or less. The Company applies the 'short-term lease' recognition exemptions for such leases.

The following are the amounts recognised in Statement of profit and loss:

(Rs. in Lacs)

Particulars	For the period ended 31st March 2022	For the period ended 31st March 2021
Expense relating to short-term leases (Refer Note 17)	2.97	2.73
(a) Company as a Lessor		
Company has no leasing arrangement as a lessor.		



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Notes to the Financial statements for the period ended 31st March 2022

28 Impairment of assets

In compliance of Ind AS 36 "Impairment of Assets", the Company has reviewed the assets at year-end for indication of impairment loss, if any, as per the accounting policy of the Company. As there is no indication of impairment, no impairment loss has been recognised during the year.

29 Employee Benefits

The Person working for Ircon Davanager Haveri Highway Limited are posted on nomination/secondment basis from Ircon International Limited (Holding Company). The provision for retirement benefit of nominated employees in terms of Ind AS-19 is being made by its holding company as per accounting policy. Provident fund contribution of the employees on nomination/secondment has been regularly deposited by the holding company with its PF Trust.

30 Revenue from contract with customers as per Ind AS-115

A. Disaggregation of Revenue

Set out below is the disaggregation of the Company's revenue from contracts with customers into operating segment and type of product or services.

Type of Product or Services	For the year ended March 31, 2022						
	Revenue as per Ind AS 115			Method for measuring performance obligation		Other Revenue	Total as per Statement of Profit and Loss
	Domestic	Foreign	Total	Input Method	Output Method		
Railways	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
Highway	797.76	-	797.76	797.76	-	-	797.76
Electrical	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
Building	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
Others	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
Total	797.76	-	797.76	797.76	-	-	797.76

Out of the total revenue recognised under Ind AS 115 during the year, Rs 797.76 lacs is recognised over a period of time and Rs Nil lacs recognised point in time.

Total	For the year ended March 31, 2021						
	Revenue as per Ind AS 115			Method for measuring performance obligation		Other Revenue	Total as per Statement of Profit and Loss
	Domestic	Foreign	Total	Input Method	Output Method		
Railways	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
Highway	19,306.31	-	19,306.31	19,306.31	-	-	19,306.31
Electrical	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
Building	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
Others	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
Total	19,306.31	-	19,306.31	19,306.31	-	-	19,306.31

Out of the total revenue recognised under Ind AS 115 during the year, Rs 19,306.31 lacs is recognised over a period of time and Rs Nil lacs recognised point in time.

B. Contract balances

Particulars	As at 31st March, 2022	As at 31st March, 2021
Trade Receivables (Note 5)	3,446.88	4,182.01
Contract Assets (Note 4 & 6)	48,366.43	46,379.32
Contract Liabilities (Note 14)	-	-

- (i) Trade receivables are non-interest bearing and the customer profile is National Highway Authority of India. The Company's average project execution cycle is around 24 to 36 months. General payment terms include mobilisation advance, monthly progress payments with a credit period ranging from 45 to 60 days.
- (ii) Contract Assets are recognised over the period in which services are performed to represent the Company's right to consideration in exchange for goods or services transferred to the customer. It includes balances due from customers under construction contracts that arise when the Company receives payments from customers as per terms of the contracts however the revenue is recognised over the period under input method. Any amount previously recognised as a contract asset is reclassified to trade receivables on satisfaction of the condition attached i.e. future service which is necessary to achieve the billing milestone.

Movement in contract balances during the year

Particulars	As at 31st March, 2022	As at 31st March, 2021
Contract asset at the Beginning of the year	46,379.32	42,288.60
Contract asset at the end of the year	48,366.43	46,379.32
Net increase/(decrease)	1,987.11	4,090.72

For the year 2021-22, there has been net increase by Rs 1,987.11 lacs as compared to last year is due to recognition of revenue based on input method whereas bills for work done are certified based on contract condition. For the year 2020-21, there has been net increase by Rs 4,090.72 lacs as compared to last year is due to recognition of revenue based on input method whereas bills for work done are certified based on contract condition.

- (iii) Contract liabilities relating to construction contracts are balances due to customers, these arise when a particular milestone payment exceeds the revenue recognised to date under the input method and advance received in long term construction contracts. The amount of Advance received gets adjusted over the construction period as and when invoicing is made to the customer.

Movement in contract balances during the year

Particulars	As at 31st March, 2022	As at 31st March, 2021
Contract liabilities at the Beginning of the year	-	2,942.50
Contract liabilities at the end of the year	-	-
Net increase/decrease	-	-2,942.50

For the year 2020-21 - There has been net reduction of Rs 2,942.50 lacs as compared to last year is due to timely receipt of advance payment received from client against works executed during the year.



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Notes to the Financial statements for the period ended 31st March 2022

C. Set out below is the amount of revenue recognised from:

Particulars	As at 31st March, 2022	As at 31st March, 2021
Amount included in contract liabilities at the beginning of the year	-	-
Performance obligation satisfied in previous years	-	-

D. Cost to obtain the contract

Amount recognised as asset as at 31st March, 2022 is Rs. Nil (As at 31st March, 2021: Rs. Nil)
Amount of amortisation recognised in the statement of profit and loss during the year is Rs. Nil (FY 2020-21: Rs. Nil)

E. Performance obligation

Information about the Company's performance obligations are summarised below:

The transaction price allocated to the remaining performance obligations (unsatisfied or partially unsatisfied) as at 31st March are, as follows:

Particulars	As at 31st March, 2022	As at 31st March, 2021
Within one year	281.17	26,682.60
More than one year to 2 years	272.22	-
More than 2 years	25,862.60	-
Total	26,415.99	26,682.60

* The amount disclosed above does not include variable consideration which is constrained

31 Information in respect of dues to Micro and Small Enterprises as required by Micro, Small and Medium Enterprises Development Act, 2006 (MSMED Act)

S.No	Particulars	As at 31st March, 2022	As at 31st March, 2021
1	The principal amount and the interest due thereon remaining unpaid to any supplier as at 31st March 2022 Principal amount due to micro and small enterprises Interest due on above	- - -	- - -
2	The amount of interest paid by the buyer in terms of Section 16 of the MSMED Act 2006 along with the amounts of the payment made to the supplier beyond the appointed day during each accounting year	-	-
3	The amount of interest due and payable for the period of delay in making payment (which have been paid but beyond the appointed day during the year) but without adding the interest specified under the MSMED Act 2006	-	-
4	The amount of interest accrued and remaining unpaid at the end of each accounting year	-	-
5	The amount of further interest remaining due and payable even in the succeeding years, until such date when the interest dues as above are actually paid to the small enterprise for the purpose of disallowance as a deductible expenditure under Section 23 of the MSMED Act 2006	-	-

32 Disclosures pursuant to amendment in Schedule III of the Companies Act 2013:

The MCA vide notification dated 24th March 2021 has amended Schedule III to the Companies Act, 2013 in respect of certain disclosures which are applicable from 1st April 2021. The Company has incorporated the changes as per the said amendment in the financial statements and below disclosures are made in compliance of the said amendment

- (i) The Company has no transactions with companies struck off under section 248 of the Companies Act, 2013 or Section 560 of Companies Act, 1956 during the period
- (ii) The Company has not traded or invested in Crypto Currency or Virtual Currency during the period
- (iii) The Company do not have any Benami property, where any proceeding has been initiated or pending against the company for holding any Benami property.
- (iv) The Company do not have any prior period errors to be disclosed separately in statement of changes in equity.
- (v) The Company do not have any charges or satisfaction which is yet to be registered with ROC beyond the statutory period.
- (vi) The Company have not advanced or loaned or invested funds (to any other persons) or entities, including foreign entities (Intermediaries) with the understanding that the Intermediary shall:
 - (a) directly or indirectly lend or invest in other persons or entities identified in any manner whatsoever by or on behalf of the company (Ultimate Beneficiaries) or
 - (b) provide any guarantee, security or the like to or on behalf of the Ultimate Beneficiaries
- (vii) The Company have not received any fund from any persons or entity (inc. including foreign entities (Funding Party) with the understanding (whether recorded in writing or otherwise) that the Company shall:
 - (a) directly or indirectly lend or invest in other persons or entities identified in any manner whatsoever by or on behalf of the Funding Party (Ultimate Beneficiaries) or
 - (b) provide any guarantee, security or the like on behalf of the Ultimate Beneficiaries
- (viii) The Company does not have any loans and advances in the nature of loans to promoters, directors, KMP and other related parties.
- (ix) The Company does not have any transaction which is not recorded in the books of accounts that has been subsequently surrendered or disclosed as income during the year as part of the on going tax assessments under the Income Tax Act, 1961 (such as, search or survey or any other relevant provisions of the Income Tax Act, 1961)
- (x) The Company has not been declared as willful defaulter by any bank or financial institution or government or any government authority.
- (xi) The Company has complied with the number of layers prescribed under the Companies Act, 2013
- (xii) The following accounting ratios are disclosed:

Particulars	Numerator	Denominator	March 31, 2022	March 31, 2021	% change	Reason for change more than 25%
Current ratio	Current Assets	Current Liabilities	2.74	2.29	19.31%	NA
Debt-equity ratio	Total Debt	Shareholder's Equity	1.94	2.12	-8.47%	NA
Debt service coverage ratio	Earnings for debt service = Net profit after taxes + Non-cash operating expenses	Debt service = Interest & Lease Payments + Principal Repayments	0.72	0.08	811.80%	Loan Repaid to Ircan
Return on equity ratio	Net Profits after taxes - Preference Dividend	Average Shareholder's Equity	0.03	0.00	733.42%	Due to Increase in the profit in Current year
Inventory turnover ratio	Cost of goods sold	Average Inventory			NA	
Trade receivables turnover ratio	Net credit sales + Gross credit sales - sales return	Average Trade Receivable	0.21	7.76	-97.31%	Due to Decrease of the Construction Revenue in the Current year
Trade payable turnover ratio	Net credit purchases + Gross credit purchases - purchase return	Average Trade Payables	0.11	3.99	-97.26%	Due to Decrease in Construction Cost
Net capital turnover ratio	Net sales = Total sales - sales return	Working capital = Current assets - Current liabilities	0.08	1.59	-95.05%	Due to Decrease in the Current Assets and Current liability in the Current Financial year
Net profit ratio	Net Profit	Net sales = Total sales - sales return	0.74	0.00	21830.48%	Due to Increase in the profit in Current year
Return on capital employed	Earnings before interest and taxes	Capital Employed = Tangible Net Worth + Total Debt + Deferred Tax Liability	0.07	0.06	11.46%	NA
Return on investment	Interest (Finance Income)	Investment	0.03	0.01	129.54%	Due to Increase in finance Income



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Notes to the Financial statements for the period ended 31st March 2022

- 33 **Disclosure as per Ind AS 21 'The Effects of Changes in Foreign Exchange Rates'**
 The amount of exchange differences (net) credited/debited to the statement of profit and loss is Nil.
- 34 **Corporate Social Responsibility**
 The Company is not covered under section 135 of the Companies Act, 2013 and no CSR expenditure has been incurred during the period.
- 35 **Disclosure pursuant to section 186 of the Companies Act 2013:**
 There are no loans given, investments made and guarantee are made by the Company during the period.
- 36 **Covid -19 Disclosure**
 The Company has considered the possible effects that may result from Covid-19 in the preparation of its financial results including the recoverability of carrying amounts of financial and non-financial assets. In developing the assumptions relating to the possible future uncertainties in the global economic conditions because of Covid-19, the Company has used internal and external sources of information and expects that the carrying amount of the assets will be recovered.
 The actual impact of this global health pandemic may be different from that which has been estimated, as the Covid-19 situation evolves in India and globally. However, the Company will continue to closely monitor any material changes to future economic conditions.
- 37 **Recent pronouncement**
 Ministry of Corporate Affairs ("MCA") notifies new standards or amendments to the existing standards under Companies (Indian Accounting Standards) Rules as issued from time to time. On March 23, 2022, MCA amended the Companies (Indian Accounting Standards) Amendment Rules, 2022, as below.
 1. Ind AS 16 - Property Plant and equipment - The amendment clarifies that excess of net sale proceeds of items produced over the cost of testing, if any, shall not be recognised in the profit or loss but deducted from the directly attributable costs considered as part of cost of an item of property, plant, and equipment. The effective date for adoption of this amendment is annual periods beginning on or after April 1, 2022. The Company has evaluated the amendment and there is no impact on its financial statements.
 2. Ind AS 37 - Provisions, Contingent Liabilities and Contingent Assets - The amendment specifies that the 'cost of fulfilling' a contract comprises the 'costs that relate directly to the contract'. Costs that relate directly to a contract can either be incremental costs of fulfilling that contract (examples would be direct labour, materials) or an allocation of other costs that relate directly to fulfilling contracts (an example would be the allocation of the depreciation charge for an item of property, plant and equipment used in fulfilling the contract). The effective date for adoption of this amendment is annual periods beginning on or after April 1, 2022, although early adoption is permitted. The Company has evaluated the amendment and the impact is not expected to be material.
 3. Ind AS 109- Financial Instrument-Fees in the '10 per cent' test for derecognition of financial liabilities
 The amendment clarifies the fees that an entity includes when assessing whether the terms of a new or modified financial liability are substantially different from the terms of the original financial liability. These fees include only those paid or received between the borrower and the lender, including fees paid or received by either the borrower or lender on the other's behalf.
 An entity applies the amendment to financial liabilities that are modified or exchanged on or after the beginning of the annual reporting period in which the entity first applies the amendment.
- 38 **Other disclosures**
 (i) The Company has a system of obtaining periodic confirmation of balances from banks and other parties.
 (ii) In the opinion of the management, the value of assets on realisation in the ordinary course of business, will not be less than the value at which these are stated in the Balance Sheet.
 (iii) Figures rounded off to the nearest rupees in Lakh.
- 39 Certain prior periods amounts have been reclassified for consistency with the current period presentations. These reclassifications have no effect on the reported results of operations. Also, previous year figures are shown under bracket () to differentiate from current year figures

As per our Report even date attached

For and on behalf of Board of Directors

For Singhal Sunil & Associates
 Chartered Accountants
 FRN : 008030N



CA Sunil Singh
 Partner
 M. No. 086904

Place : New Delhi
 Date : 17-05-2022
 UDIN: 220869 04AJLJTL4920

Mugunthan Boju Gawde
 Director
 DIN-08517013

Masood Ahmad
 Director
 DIN-09003553

Hanumanthgouda Patil
 Chief Executive Officer

Shubh Mandal
 Chief Financial Officer

Prideep Baisoya
 Company Secretary





सोकहिदियार्थ सत्यनिष्ठा
Dedicated to Truth in Public Interest

भारतीय लेखापरीक्षा एवं लेखा विभाग
प्रधान निदेशक लेखापरीक्षा का कार्यालय
रेलवे वाणिज्यिक, नई दिल्ली

INDIAN AUDIT AND ACCOUNTS DEPARTMENT
OFFICE OF THE PRINCIPAL DIRECTOR OF AUDIT
RAILWAY COMMERCIAL, NEW DELHI

4, दीनदयाल उपाध्याय मार्ग, नई दिल्ली 4, Deen Dayal Upadhyaya Marg, New Delhi-110002



सत्यमेव जयते

संख्या/पी.डी.ए/आर.सी/IDHHL/AA/48-19/2022-23/218

दिनांक: 01.08.2022

सेवा में,

निदेशक

इरकाँन दावणगेरे हावेरी हाईवे लिमिटेड,
सी-4, डिस्ट्रिक्ट सेंटर, साकेत,
नई दिल्ली -110017.

विषय:

31 मार्च 2022 को समाप्त वर्ष के लिए इरकाँन दावणगेरे हावेरी हाईवे लिमिटेड के वित्तीय विवरणों पर कंपनी अधिनियम 2013 की धारा 143 (6) (b) के अंतर्गत भारत के नियंत्रक एवं महालेखापरीक्षक की टिप्पणियाँ।

महोदय,

मैं इरकाँन दावणगेरे हावेरी हाईवे लिमिटेड के 31 मार्च 2022 को समाप्त वर्ष के वित्तीय विवरणों पर कंपनी अधिनियम 2013 की धारा 143 (6) (b) के अंतर्गत भारत के नियंत्रक एवं महालेखापरीक्षक की टिप्पणियाँ अग्रेषित कर रहा हूँ।

कृपया इस पत्र की संलग्नको सहित प्राप्ति की पावती भेजी जाए।

भवदीय,

संगलंक: यथोपरी

विक्रम डी. मुरुगराज

01.08.2022

विक्रम डी. मुरुगराज
प्रधान निदेशक (रेलवे वाणिज्यिक)

COMMENTS OF THE COMPTROLLER AND AUDITOR GENERAL OF INDIA UNDER SECTION 143(6)(b) OF THE COMPANIES ACT, 2013 ON THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS OF IRCON DAVANAGERE HAVERI HIGHWAY LIMITED FOR THE YEAR ENDED 31 MARCH 2022

The preparation of financial statements of **IRCON DAVANAGERE HAVERI HIGHWAY LIMITED** for the year ended 31 March 2022 in accordance with the financial reporting framework prescribed under the Companies Act, 2013 is the responsibility of the management of the Company. The Statutory Auditor appointed by the Comptroller and Auditor General of India under Section 139 (5) of the Act is responsible for expressing opinion on the financial statements under Section 143 of the Act based on independent audit in accordance with the standards on auditing prescribed under Section 143(10) of the Act. This is stated to have been done by them vide their Revised Audit Report dated 19 July 2022 which supersedes their earlier Audit Report dated 17 May 2022.

I, on behalf of the Comptroller and Auditor General of India, have conducted a supplementary audit of the financial statements of **IRCON DAVANAGERE HAVERI HIGHWAY LIMITED** for the year ended 31 March 2022 under Section 143(6)(a) of the Act. This supplementary audit has been carried out independently without access to the working papers of the Statutory Auditor and is limited primarily to inquiries of the Statutory Auditor and Company personnel and a selective examination of some of the accounting records.

In view of the revision made in the Statutory Auditor's report, to give effect to some of my audit observations raised during supplementary audit, I have no further comments to offer upon or supplement to the Statutory Auditors' report under Section 143(6)(b) of the Act.

For and on the behalf of the
Comptroller & Auditor General of India

Vikram D. Murugaraj
01.08.2022

Vikram D. Murugaraj
Principal Director of Audit
Railway Commercial, New Delhi

Place: New Delhi
Dated: 01.08.2022



**IRCON DAVANAGERE HAVERI HIGHWAY LIMITED
(‘IrconDHHL’)**

Registered & Corporate Office:

**C-4, District Centre, Saket, New Delhi -110017, India
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E-mail id: ircondhhl@gmail.com**